



Read this manual before operation

④The content include ofelectric connections andoperatingsteps

⑤ Readthemanualtooperatethesystems

RDWork

Laser Engraving Cutting Software

RuiDa Technology Co., Ltd

Addr:3thfloor,TechnologyBuilding,NO.,1067 Nanhai
Avenue,NanshanDistrict,Shenzhencity,Guangdong
Province,P.R.China

Tel: 0755--26066687

Fax: 0755--26982287

E-mail: sales@rd-ac.com

Web: www.rd-ac.com

COPYRIGHT

All rights reserved. You may not reproduce, transmit, store in a retrieval system or adapt this publication, in any form or by any means, without the prior written permission of RuiDa, except as allowed under applicable copyright laws. We have identified words that we consider as trademarks. Neither the presence or absence of trademark identifications affects the legal status of any trademarks.

CERTIFICATION DECLARATION

CE

The product has been certified by the CE (Commute European) safety certification. It has passed the corresponding conformity assessment procedure and the manufacturer's declaration of conformity, in accordance with the relevant EU directive.

ROHS

This product has been certified by EU legislation (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Safety certification; comply with relevant EU environmental regulations.

FCC

This product has been certified by the Federal Communications Commission for safety, Comply with US electronic safety regulations.

SAFETY INFORMATION

When using this system, please make sure the operation is correct and the usage is safe. Some signs outside will be used to remind you to pay attention to the dangerous matters and some important information.



Dangerous:

Indicates a serious danger. In the process of fuse, if the operation is improper or the way of fuse is wrong, it may cause serious injury or even death to the user. Please do not operate it easily until you have made sure that the operation method is correct and the way of fuse is correct.



Warning:

Danger. In the process of fuse, if the operation is improper or the use is wrong, which may lead to the injury of the personnel, please do not operate the personnel and related personnel easily, until ensure the correct operation method and use method is correct before use.



Cautious:

Represents the potential risk of the product. In the process of fuse, if the use method is wrong or improper operation, it may cause damage to the product or some parts. Please do not use it until you have made sure that the operation method is correct and the usage is correct.



Important:

Represents important information to be paid attention to during the use of the product. Please do not ignore this information, this information will provide effective operational help.



This sign indicates laser radiation, which is usually posted on products with laser output. Please be careful with laser and pay attention to safety when using this kind of equipment.

Sign in、Devanning、Examine cargo

The product itself with plastic or metal shell, can protect the external electrical components from damage. The products are packed infoam bags and anti-static bags. If there is any external damage to the package, check the equipment and notify the carrier and carrier in writing of the damage.



Important:

After receiving the product, please check whether the outer package is intact, check whether the product is complete after unpacking and whether all parts are intact. If any damage is found, please contact Ruida immediately.

Remove all cargo from package and keep packing material and wiring parts. Please take care of the safety of the goods when unpacking them. After taking out the goods, please check whether the parts are complete and intact. If any missing parts or damaged parts are found, please contact Ruida technology immediately. Do not insist on tall or debug the equipment if any obvious damage is found.

Contents

Section1Overview.....	1
1.1 Laserengravingcuttingsystemintroduction.....	2
1.2 Softwaresupportedfileformats.....	2
1.3 Environmentalrequirements	2
Section2SoftwareBasicOperation.....	3
2.1 Themaininterfaceoperation.....	4
2.2 Language settings andmanufacturesinformation	5
2.3 PageSetting.....	5
2.4 FileOpenandSave.....	6
2.4.1 OpenFile	6
2.4.2 SaveFile.....	7
2.5 FileImportandExport	7
2.5.1 FileImport	8
2.5.2 Fileexport	9
2.5.3 Fileparametersetting.....	9
2.5.4 ImageLibrary	10
2.6 Basicgraphicscreation	10
2.7 ObjectSelection	14
2.8 ObjectColor	15
2.9 ObjectTransformation.....	15
2.9.1 ObjectImage.....	16
2.9.2 ObjectRotate	16
2.9.3 ObjectSize	18
2.9.4 Tilt	19
2.9.5 ObjectArrayReplication	19
2.9.6 PlaceObjectToTheOrigin	20
2.10 ObjectAlign.....	20
2.11 ObjectView	21
2.12 GroupandUnGroup	21
2.13 ImportantTool	22
2.13.1 Manualsortingandthesetofcuttingpointandthecuttingdirection.....	22
2.13.2 SettingAndEditing TheCutIn/CutOutLines.....	25
2.13.3 PathOptimization.....	26
2.13.4 CurveSmooth.....	27
2.13.5 CheckClosure	28
2.13.6 RemoveTheOverlap	28
2.13.7 CombineCurve	29
2.13.8 BitmapHandle	29
2.13.9 Processingpreview.....	33
2.13.10 Datacheck	34

2.13.11 Generationparallelines	35
2.13.12 LGPdesign	35
Section3System Settings	40
3.1 Generalsettings	41
3.2 Systeminfo	45
3.3 Userparameters	46
3.3.1 Cutparameters	47
3.3.2 Sweepparameters	48
3.3.3 Homeparameters	49
3.3.4 Feedingparameters	49
3.3.5 GoScaleparameters	49
3.3.6 Otherparameters	50
3.4 DocumentManagement	51
Section 4 ProcessingOutput	53
4.1 SearchDevice	54
4.2 Layerprocessing	55
4.3 Position	55
4.4 GoScale、CutScale	55
4.5 Start、Pause、Stop、SaveToUnFile、UnFileOutput、Download	56
4.6 Outputselectgraphics	56
4.7 Pathoptimize	56
4.8 Test	57
4.9 OutputSetting	58
4.9.1 Rotatingsculpture	58
4.9.2 FeedSetting	58
4.9.3 OptimizationofBacklashCompensation	59
4.9.4 Optical2migration	59
4.10 LayerSettings	59
4.10.1 Ranksse	60
4.10.2 LaserScanParametersSetting	62
4.10.3 LaserscanningparametersSettings	66
4.10.4 LaserDotParametersSetting	68
4.11 Vendorsettings	68
4.11.1 Themotorparameters	68
4.11.2 Laserparameters	70
4.11.3 Othervendorparameters	70

Section1Overview

CONTENTS:

■ Laser engraving
cuttingsystem
introduction

■ Software supported file
formats

■ Environmental
requirements

1.1 Laser engraving cutting system introduction

Laser engraving cutting system through a computer numerical control machine tools to achieve effective control, according to the user's different requirements of the completion of processing tasks.

The system including control board and control panel, and supporting software. This manual describes how to use the software to complete the task of laser processing. (Motherboard wiring and control panel operations, see the accompanying manual and control panel wiring board operating instructions)

1.2 Software supported file formats

Vector format: dxf, ai, plt, dst, dsb...etc.

Bitmap format: bmp, jpg, gif, png, mng, ...etc.

1.3 Environmental requirements

(1) Windows X operating system and above, X Recommended.

(2) CPU 586 above, it is recommended that the PIII or PIV above

(3) It is recommended to use more than 1G of memory.

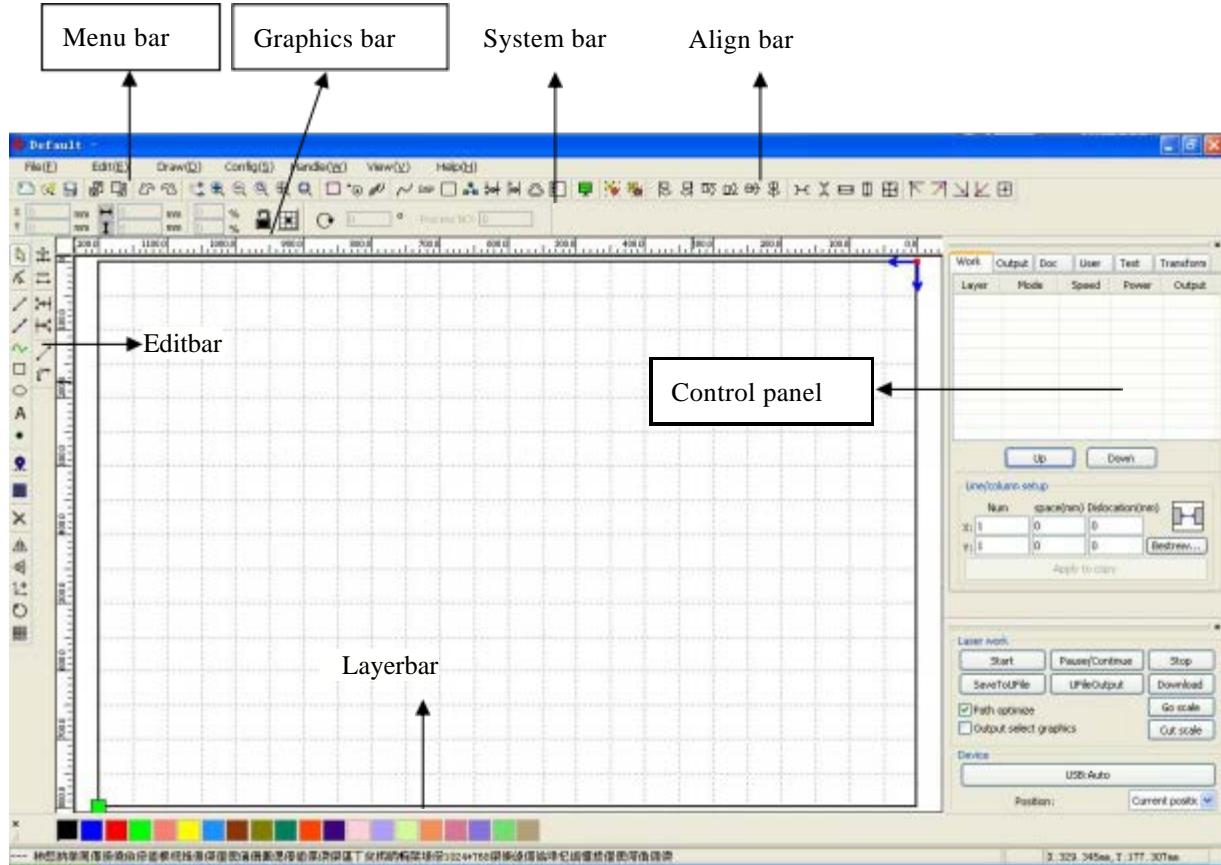
Section 2 Software Basic Operation

CONTENTS:

- The main interface operation
- Language settings and manufactures information
- Page Setting
- File Open and Save
- File Import and Export
- Basic graphics creation
- Object Selection
- Object Color
- Object Transformation
- Object Align
- Object View
- Group and UnGroup
- Important Tool

2.1 The main interface operation

After start the software, you can see the interfaces shown in the following figure.



MenuBar : The main function of this software are available through the implementation of the **MenuBar**.

Execute the menu command is the most basic mode of operation. **MenuBar** including:

Document、Edit、Draw、Setting、Processing、View and Help.

SystemBar: On the System Bar, places some most commonly command buttons which is chosen from the menu.

GraphicsBar: Graphics property bar is the basic attributes of graphics operations, including graphic location, size, scale, number processing.

EditBar: The Edit Bar default on the left of the work area. In the Edit Bar placed frequently used tools to make the operation more flexible and convenient.

AlignBar: Alignment of the selected objects.

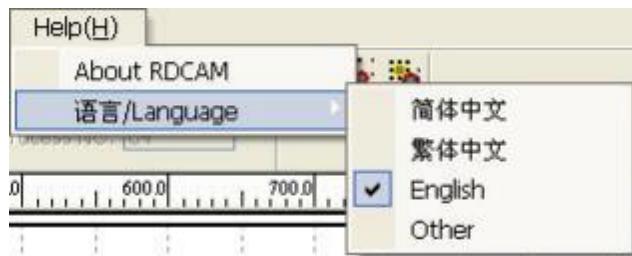
LayerBar: Change the layer of the selected objects.

ControlPanel: Using the Control Panel to complete laser processing of multiple tasks, Layer parameters settings, axis control, processing...etc.

2.2 Languagesettingsandmanufacturesinformation

In addition to installationprocesscanset thesoftwarelanguage type,youcaneasilyswitchin differentlanguage.

ClickMenuBar 【 Help】 -> 【 语言 /Language】 expandmenu, selecttherquiredlanguage types.



To obtain manufacturers information, so that we can provide you with better service. ClickMenuBar 【 Help】 -> 【 AboutRDCAM】



How to set manufacturers, refer to 《 RDCAM software installation instructions》

The bottom of the dialog box shows the current software version number. As different versions of software may be have some differences on the functions and interfaces, you can easily contact and communicate with manufacturers through software version number. Parameter Setting.

2.3 PageSetting

ClickMenuBar 【 Config】 -> 【 Pagesetting】 the following dialog box appears:



【Pagewidth】 : Software page width, usually associated with machine X breadth.

【Pageheight】 : Software page height, usually associated with machine Y breadth.

Under normal circumstances, if you have connected to the motherboard, software will automatically format for the current work of the machine, as a page size.

If the board is not connected, or need their own custom page size (such as to set the page size by material), you can use the page setting to reconfigure the page size.

【Grid】

Setting grid space and whether to enable grid.

【Keyboard】

User can use arrow key to move or rotate the selected graphics.

【Colorconfig】

Setting the color of the work area.

2.4 File Open and Save

The software uses .rld file format to save graphic information, layer parameters of various layers and processing sequence of the graphic elements.

2.4.1 Open File

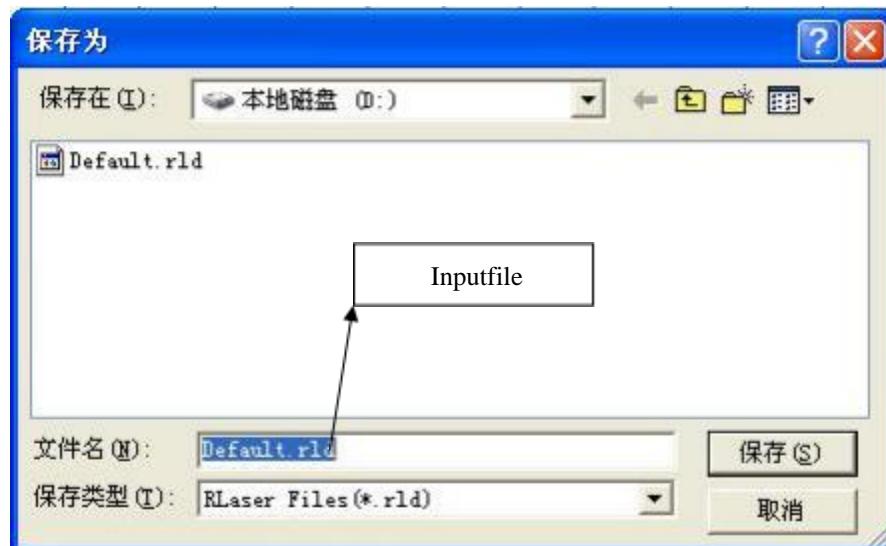
(1) Click menu **【File】 -> 【Open】**, or click icon , the following dialog box appears:



(2) Selectfile(e.g.Default.rld),click 【Open】 .

2.4.2 SaveFile

(1) Click menu 【File】 -> 【Save】 , or click icon  , the following dialog box appears:



(2) Enter the filename in the edit box, then click 【Save】 .

2.5 File Import and Export

Because this software is rld format, so to make or edit the use of other materials will be done by importing. After using the Export to graphic files for other software.

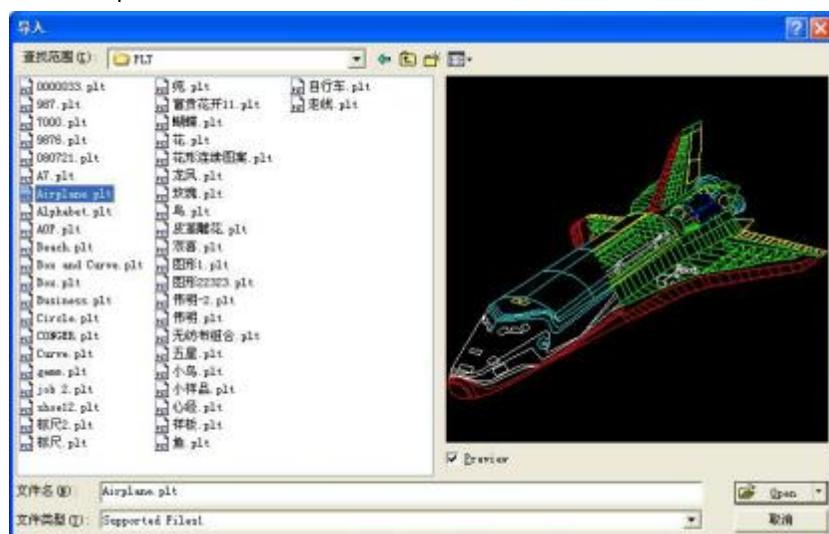
Supported file format for import: dxf, ai, plt, dst, dsb...etc

Supported file format for export: plt

2.5.1 File Import

Click menu 【File】->【Import】 , or click icon  . The following dialog box appears.

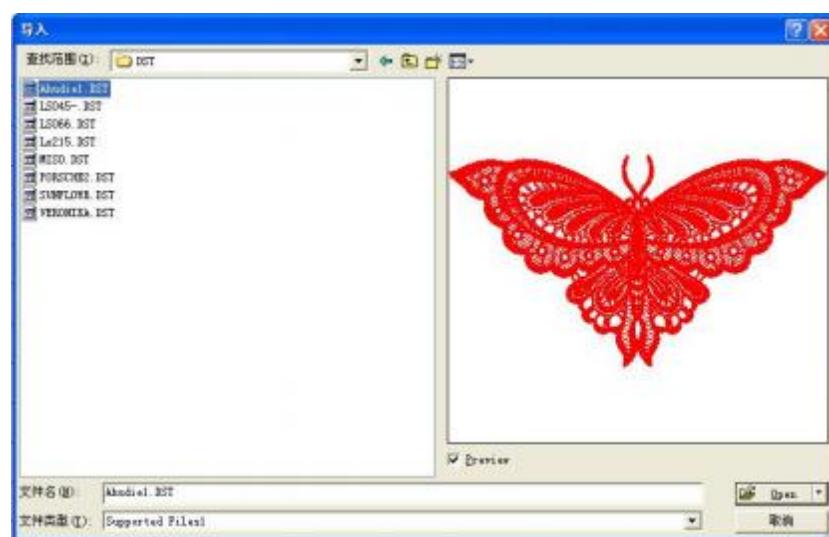
Select file, and click 【Open】 .



◆ Select 【Preview】 , the selected file can be shown.

For most vector files, data is automatically imported into the corresponding layer of RDCAM software according to the layer description.

For some special documents such as DST/DSB, data will be imported into the current layer.



Current



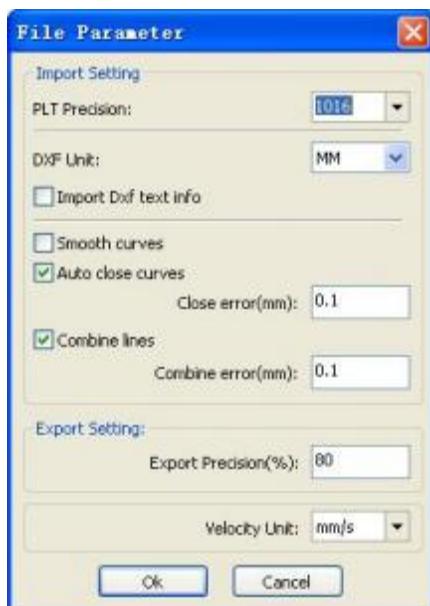
2.5.2 Fileexport

Clickmenu 【File】->【Export】 or click icon 。The Export dialog box appears.

Input filename, and click button 【Save】.

2.5.3 Fileparametersetting

PLTPrecision: According to the accuracy of the original plt file to select the appropriate import unit.



Smoothcurves: When import vector file, automatically smoothing the original curves. For the original graphic is smooth or need to repeatedly adjust the set smoothing effect, you can uncheck this button. Do not do smoothing curves may reduce time of import processing.

Auto close curves: According to close tolerance automatic check and closed curve

Combinelines: According to merge tolerance, auto-connecting curves.

Color map automatically switch to grayscale: Because under normal circumstances, graphics are based on gray scale. If the imported bitmap is a color image can be converted to grayscale.

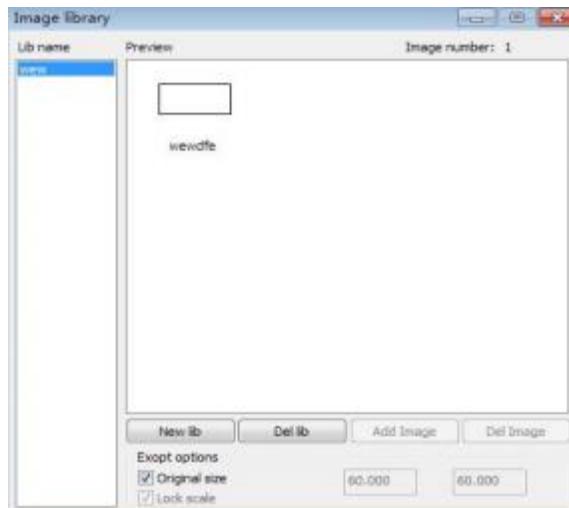
ImportDxf text message: When the user needs only Dxf the graphic information, not need the text information within the file, do not check this.

Exportprecision: The precision of export plt file or output file.

Velocityunit: Software supports two types of speed unit: mm/s、m/min. Selected according to usage. After it was selected, the speed of parameters on the interface unit will change with it.

2.5.4 Image Library

For some frequently used graphics to be stored in the gallery is commonly used in the ease of use



2.6 Basic graphics creation

◆ Line

Click menu 【Draw】->【Line】， or click Edit Bar . Drag the mouse on the screen you can draw an arbitrary line. Press the "Ctrl" key while dragging the mouse to draw horizontal or vertical line.

◆ Polyline

Click menu 【Draw】->【Polyline】， or click Edit Bar . Drag the mouse on the screen you can draw an arbitrary polyline.

◆ Rectangle

Click menu 【Draw】->【Rectangle】， or click Edit Bar . Drag the mouse on the screen you can draw an arbitrary size rectangle.

Press the "Ctrl" key while dragging the mouse to draw square.

◆ Ellipse

Click menu 【Draw】->【Ellipse】， or click Edit Bar . Drag the mouse on the screen you can draw an arbitrary size ellipse.

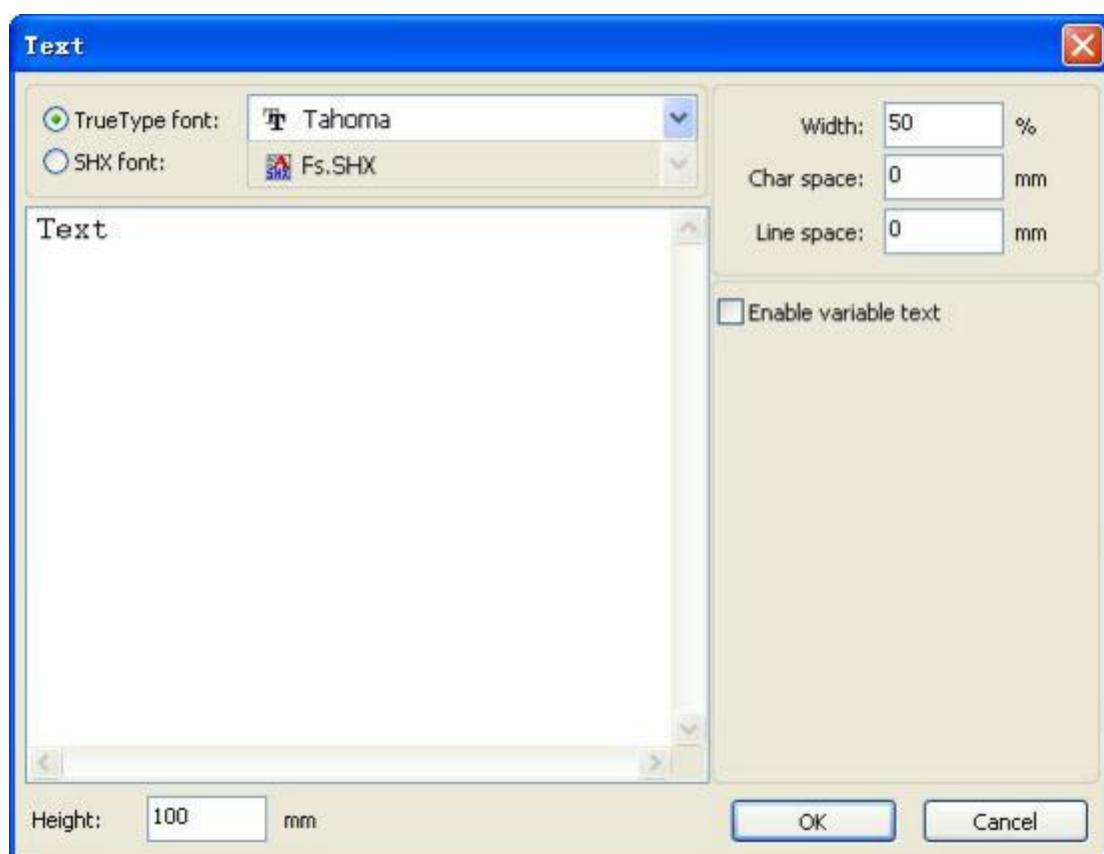
Press the "Ctrl" key while dragging the mouse to draw round.

◆Point

Clickmenu 【Draw】->【Ellipse】， orclickEditBar  . Click themouseon thescreen, youcan drawan point.

◆Text

Clickmenu 【Draw】->【Text】， orclickEditBar  。 Andtheninadrawingareaanypositionclick, pop-up textinput dialog.



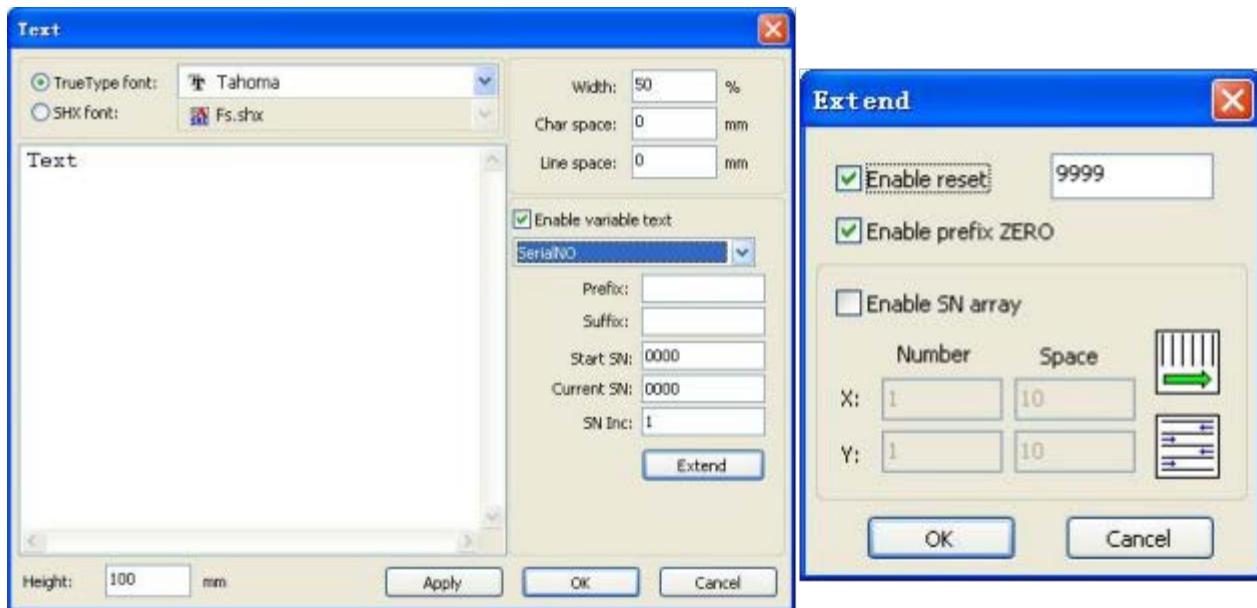
Choosefontword, inputtextword, thensethigh , wide, wordspacing, linespacing.Clickagain 【OK】 .

The software also supports variable text, the so-called variable text, the text is need according to certain rules change, every output processing time, text to be automatic change again. For the system variables have character type date variables and serial number.

Variable is the date when the current every time processing take the current system of computer time output. Software offers a variety of date format for customers to choose.

Users can also set the date migration, have the day by the month according to the years 3 kinds.

As in packaging carved on the expiration period can use the product.

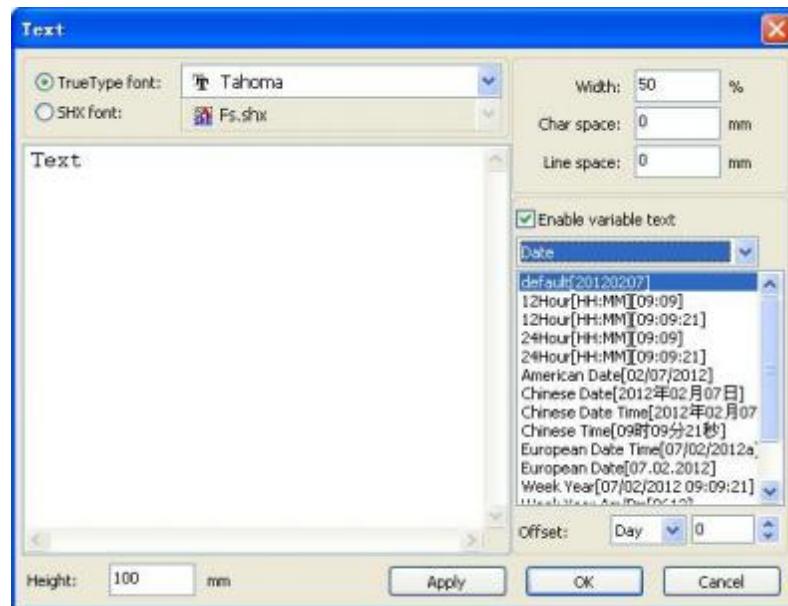


If ABC0001DEF processes repeatedly, ABC0002DEF, ABC003DEF until ABC9999DEF a group of serial number.

【Prefix】 : serial number prefix, example ABC is leading string.

【Suffix】 : the serial number of the suffix, example DEF is the string after.

【StartSN】 : from which a specified number start manufacturing, example is to start to 0001 serial number



【

CurrentSN

】

: the current processing to which serial numbers can also be used to specify the current top processing which serial number.

As in the processing a group of serial number,

leakage processing the one, but through the designated the current serial number to make processing, not set start, serial numbers, because in some cases a group of serial number requires repeated processing,



namely to a serialnumber,need to goback tothestartserialnumberstartmanufacturing.

【SNInc】 : the interval number can be prescribed sequence number. Example will turn processing from 0001 to 9999 serial number, the increment is 1.

If only need to output even or odd numbers serial number, can set increment is 2.

【EnableReset】 : when serial number processing to reset the serial number, 【currentSN】 will be automatically reset to 【startSN】 .

Example requires repeated processing from 0001 to 9999, serialNumbers, so can be designated 9999 as reset, serialNumbers, when processing the 9999 serial number, text will automatically change to 0001.

【EnableprefixZERO】 : if not lead to zero, the system will automatically remove the first in the serial number of zero digital before the zero. Such as the example, serialNumbers, if not the leader's zero can ABC0001 DEF will become ABC1 DEF. But it is worth noting that, if we want to output serial number is ABC1DEF, ABC2DEF until ABC9999DEF, we can't through the will 【startSN】 set to 1 to achieve, but through the cancel 【Enableprefix ZERO】 to achieve, this is because set in the specified number from the start the serial number which one, beginning outside, also specifies the number of significant digits, such as will begin to serialNumbers set to 1, the change of the serial number order is: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0,1,2,3,4,5... Serial number won't change to 10, because the effective serial number had 1.

【EnableSNarray】 to the array of way, one-time processing more serial number.

for instance:

0001 00020003	after this batch processing serial number,	0015 00140013
0006 00050004	skip directly to the next group of	0007 0008 0009
0016 00170018		0016 00170018

◆ Capture

Click menu 【Draw】 -> 【Capture】



If the computer has been connected to the image device, the dialog box will appear. After it was selected, you can collect the pictures from the specified device.

2.7 ObjectSelection

In the process of drawing and edit graphics, first of all to select the object.

When the object is being selected, in the center of this object will have a shaped mark “ \times ”, and surrounded by eight control points.

Click menu 【Draw】->【Select】 , or click Edit Bar  , switch to status “Select”. Under this status, you can select object. The following are five kinds of method of selecting:

- ◆ Click menu 【Edit】->【SelectAll】 (Shortcuts Ctrl+A) , select all objects.
- ◆ Click mouse on the screen to select single object



- ◆ Select object using select box

Press the mouse and drag, as long as the box come into contact with the object will be selected.

- ◆ Increased select object/ minus select object

Increaseselect: Press “Shift” key, click or box select to increase select object.

Minusselect: Press “Shift” key, click or box select the selected object.

- ◆ Select object according to layer

Layer	Mode	Speed	Power	Output
Red	Cut	100.0	30.0	Yes
Black	Cut	100.0	30.0	Yes
Green	Cut	100.0	30.0	Yes
Brown	Cut	100.0	30.0	Yes

Right-click the selected layer, then the part of all objects in the layer will be selected.

2.8 ObjectColor

The color of object that is the color of the object contour. You can click the color button on the Layer Bar to change the color of the object that has been selected. The color of the pressed button is the color of current layer.



2.9 ObjectTransformation

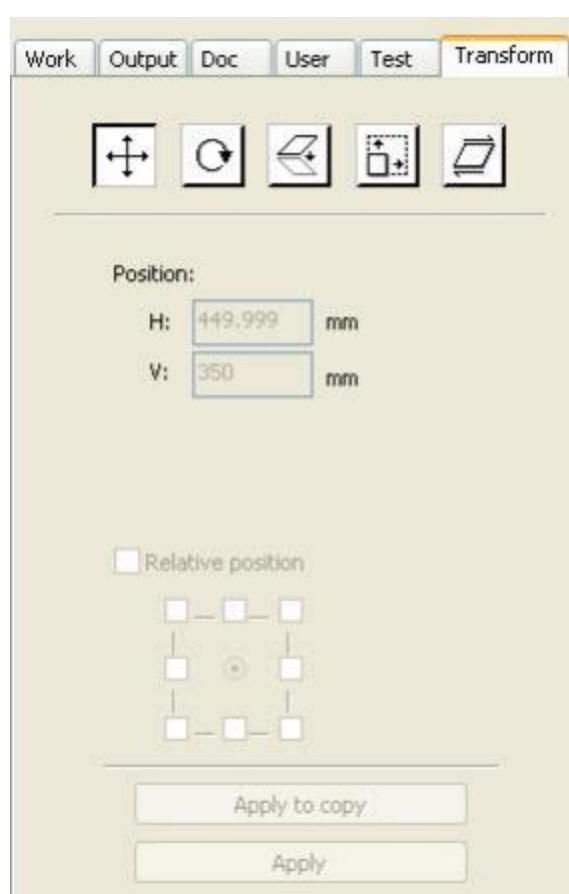
Transformation of object mainly include: object location、 orientation and size. But does not change the basic shape of the object and its characteristics.

Transformation of object for users, provides a convenient user interface. User can mirror and rotation through within the draw toolbar.

You can also use the Object Properties toolbar



You can also use the right transformation tools to transform and copy the graphics.

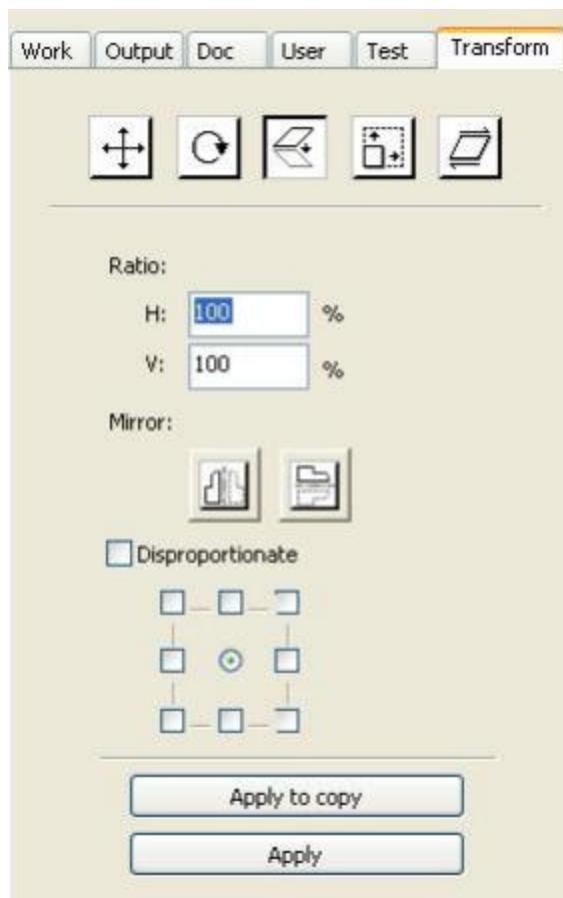


2.9.1 ObjectImage

Objectimageis flip theselected objectin thehorizontal or verticaldirection.

ClickEditBar  , fliptheselectedobjecthorizontal.

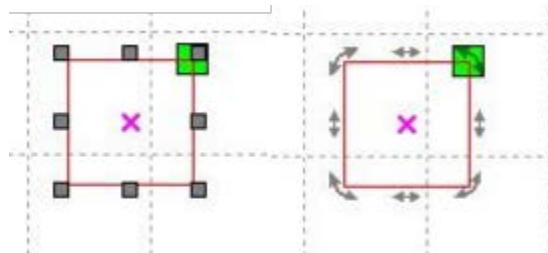
ClickEditBar  , fliptheselectedobjectvertical.



Or through themirror to the transformation tools, horizontal and verticalmirror, andcopy.

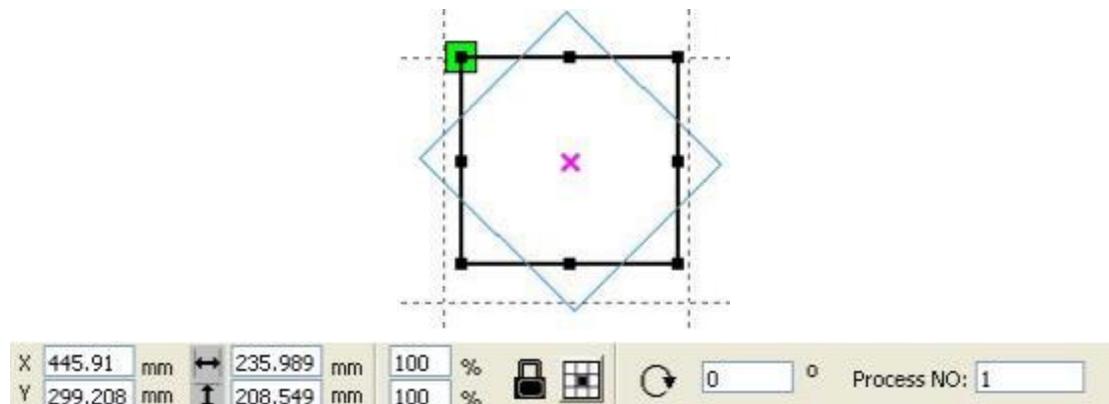
2.9.2 ObjectRotate

The selectedobject ,next,double-left clickon 

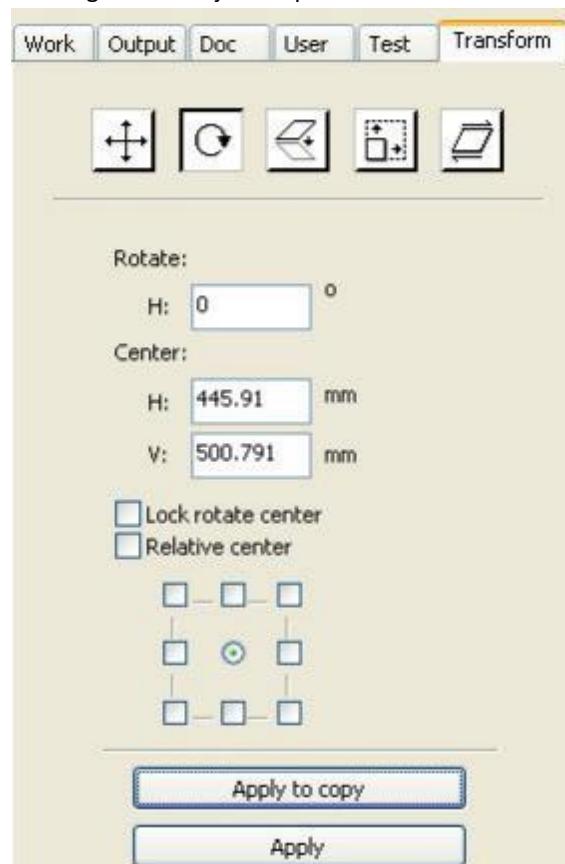


If you want to drag rotation, can move the mouse to  then press the left key.

Dragging the mouse to adjust the rotate angle, in the dragging process, there will be followed by rotating wire-frame outline.



Or directly enter the rotation angle in the Object Properties toolbar.

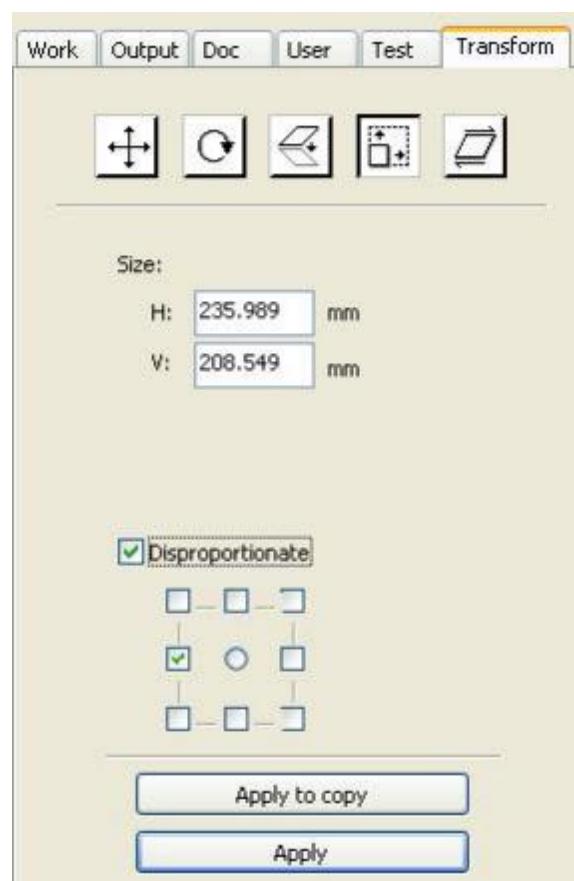


Or use the spin rotation transformation tool to transform. In the rotation transformation tool can be set to the center of rotation and locking center of rotation.

2.9.3 ObjectSize

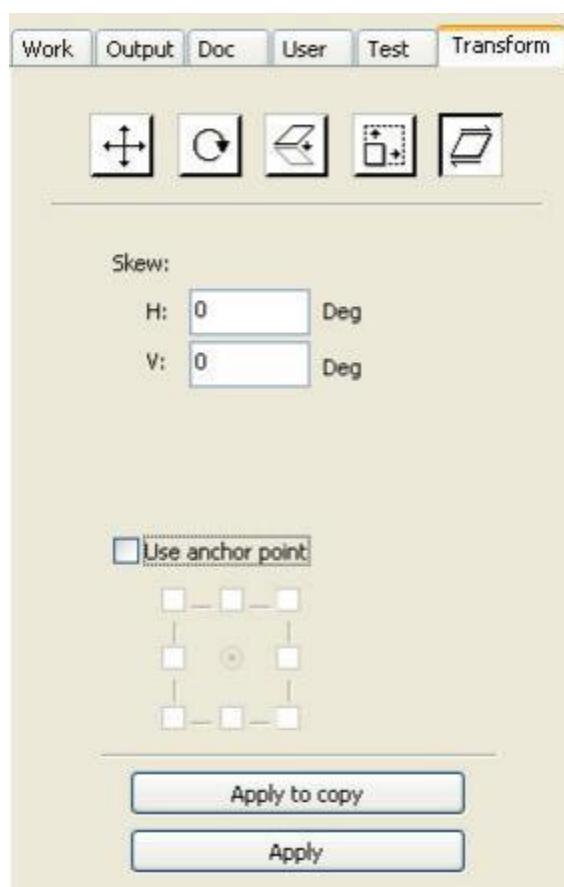


You can set size and center position of the selected object.



Or use the size transformation toolbar to change the size of object. Can modify the size, choose whether to lock the aspect ratio, and set the position relative to the object to transform.

2.9.4 Tilt

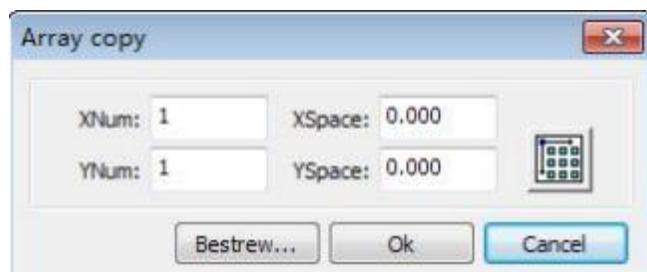


Object can be tilted by the tilting transformation tools. It can be set the tilt anchor and the tilt angle.

The tilt will cause distortion of the bitmap and the practical application of small, currently only supports the tilt vector graphics.

2.9.5 Object Array Replication

Click Edit Bar , select object want to copy. Then click , the following dialog box appears:



 Width of a single graphic (mm)

 Height of a single graphic (mm)

You can array replication object along different directions. The direction of copy is based on the

originalgraphics.Suchaschoosethearraydirectionlowerright,thentheoriginalgraphicwillappearontheupperleftcorner.wheresifitistotheupperleftarray,thentheoriginalgraphappearsinthelowerright.

After setting the array number and array spacing, click button 【Apply】 , you can see the actual graphics array.

There are two forms of array spacing: centerspacing and edgespacing.

Choose centerspacing, then 【XDistance(mm)】、【YDistance(mm)】 representing the distance of the two graphic center.

If not choose centerspacing, then 【XDistance(mm)】、【YDistance(mm)】 representing the distance of the graphic edge.

CenterdistanceX = EdgedistanceX + widthofobject

CenterdistanceY = EdgedistanceY + heightofobject

Switch between the two kinds of calculate method, 【XDistance(mm)】、【YDistance(mm)】 will be calculated automatically.

Click 【Bestrewingbreadth】 , The software will automatically calculate the array number according to the workpiece size、width、height、Xdistance and Ydistance.

Adjust spacing can be directly input values, and click 【Apply】 .

Can also press the direction keys to adjust object spacing.

Check 【Center】 , then after object array replication, graphics will be centered on the work area.

Scroll the mouse wheel to zoom view of the graphics.

Drag the mouse to pan view of the graphics.

2.9.6 Place Object To The Origin

Place the object is to facilitate the view or orientation. The following tools are provided by software:



, selected object will be placed in the center of the page, that is the object center coincides with the center of the page.



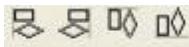
, Selected object will be placed on the page left, upper right, lower right, lower left, upper left corner of the object, upper right, lower right, lower left and upper left corner, top right, bottom right, bottom left corner of coincidence.

2.10 Object Align



Select objects, click tools on the Align Bar

Whickinclude:



Leftalignment、Rightalignment、Topalignment、Bottomalignment



Vertical center alignment、Horizontal centeralignment、center alignment



Horizontal equidistance、Vertical equidistance



Samewidth、Sameheight、

Samesize.Benchmarkobject:

If you press "Shift" key and select object one by one, then the benchmark object is the last object.

If you select object by selectbox, then the benchmark object is the object which curve number in the final.

2.11 ObjectView

Move: Click menu 【Edit】->【Move】 , or click . Then hold down the left mouse button in the drawing area, and drag pan.

ZoomOut: Click menu 【Edit】->【ZoomOut】 , or click . Each click it, the drawing area zoom out once. Move mouse to the drawing area and click, each click, mouse position as center drawing area zoom out once.

ZoomIn: Click menu 【Edit】->【ZoomIn】 , or click . Each click it, the drawing area zoom in once. Move mouse to the drawing area and click, each click, mouse position as center drawing area zoom in once.

ViewSelect : Click menu 【Edit】->【ViewSelect】 , or click . Move the mouse to the drawing area, hold down the left mouse button and drag, a dashed border box will show in the drawing area, release the mouse button, then the region in the dashed border box will display in the drawing area with the largest proportion.

ViewPageFrame: Click menu 【Edit】->【ViewPageFrame】 , or click . The page frame will full display.

ViewDataFrame: Click menu 【Edit】->【ViewDataFrame】 , or click . The selected objects will full display.

2.12 Group and UnGroup

Edit graphics, and sometimes need to be a part of the operation as a whole (such as multi-line text for typesetting).

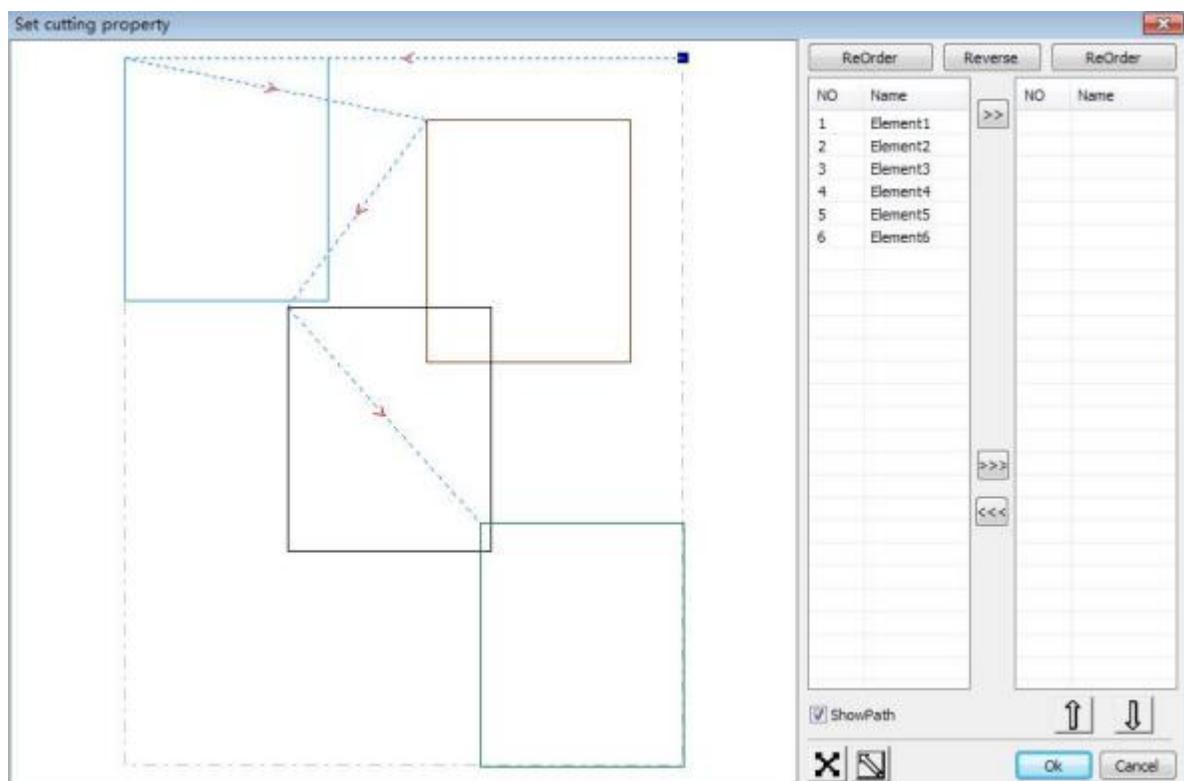
Method: Select the group of graphics, and then select the menu 【Edit】 / 【Group】 (【UnGroup】), or directly select the toolbar .

2.13 Important Tool

Here are some frequently used tools. Using these important tools, can make the current document in the graphics more orderly, and make the processing of output more fast.

2.13.1 Manual sorting and the set of cutting point and the cutting direction

Software provides users a convenient tool for the manual sorting. Select 【Edit】->【Set cutting property】. Cutting property dialog box will popup. All with manual sorting, and cut points, cutting the direction of the settings in this dialog box can be completed.



Showpath

First check the "showpath", it will display the current graphic cutting order and the cutting direction.

Manualsort

Select

This button is used to switch the current status of the operation to editor view. Then you can marquee or click the graphics in the graphics display area (or click one pixel or check many pixels). After selecting the graphic, select

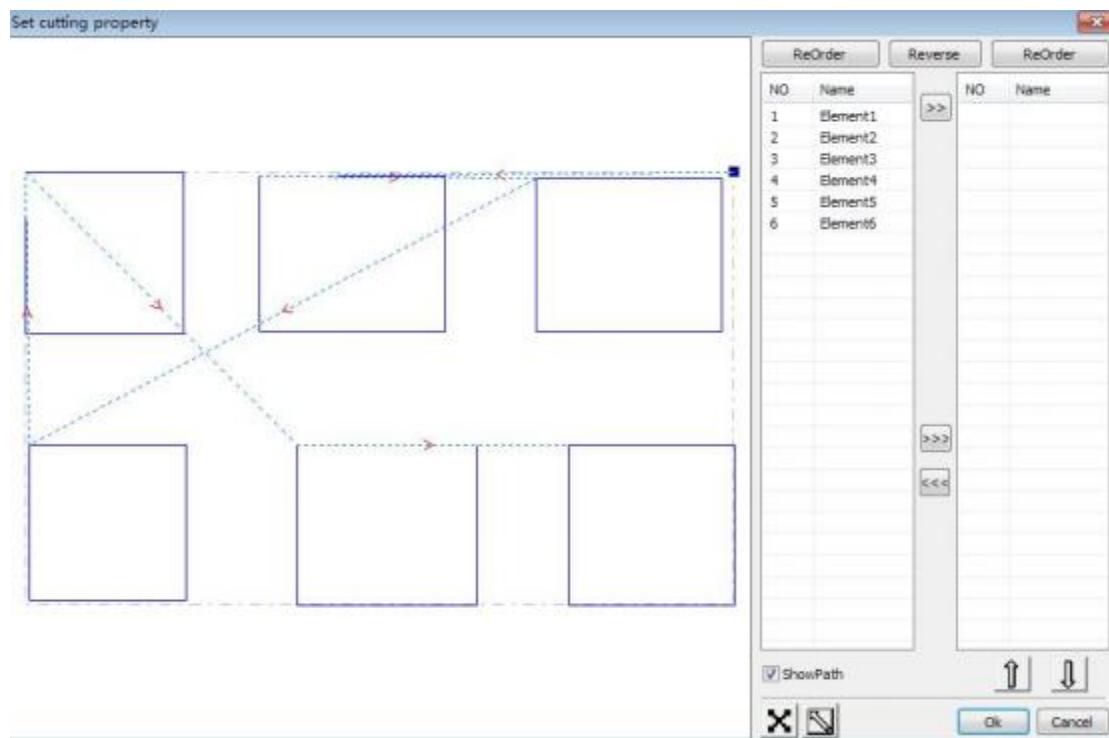
the graphics to be directed to another list, to be processed

as the first primitive. Primitives followed by repeated operations, to complete sequencing of all graphics.

Change the direction of graphic processing

Mouse select the graphic in the graphics display area or in the list. And then click .

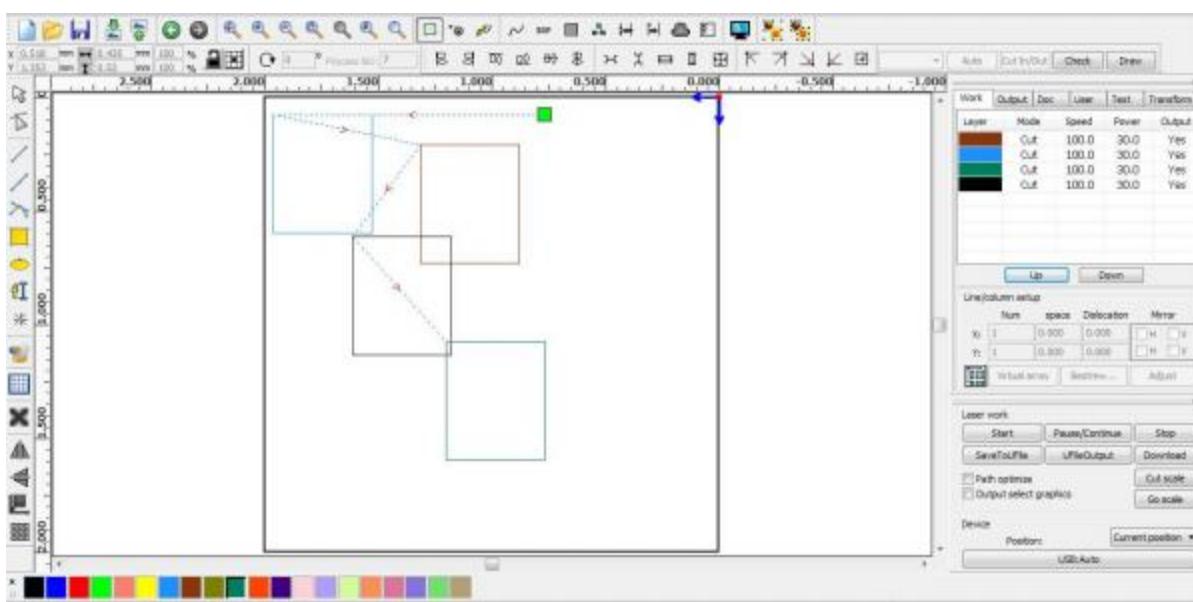
Change the cutting point



Select the graphics that should be changed the cutting point, it will show all the nodes in the current graphics. Select the starting point, double-click the mouse, it will change the starting point of the current graphics. After the completion of all changes, click  , the result of the changes can be saved.

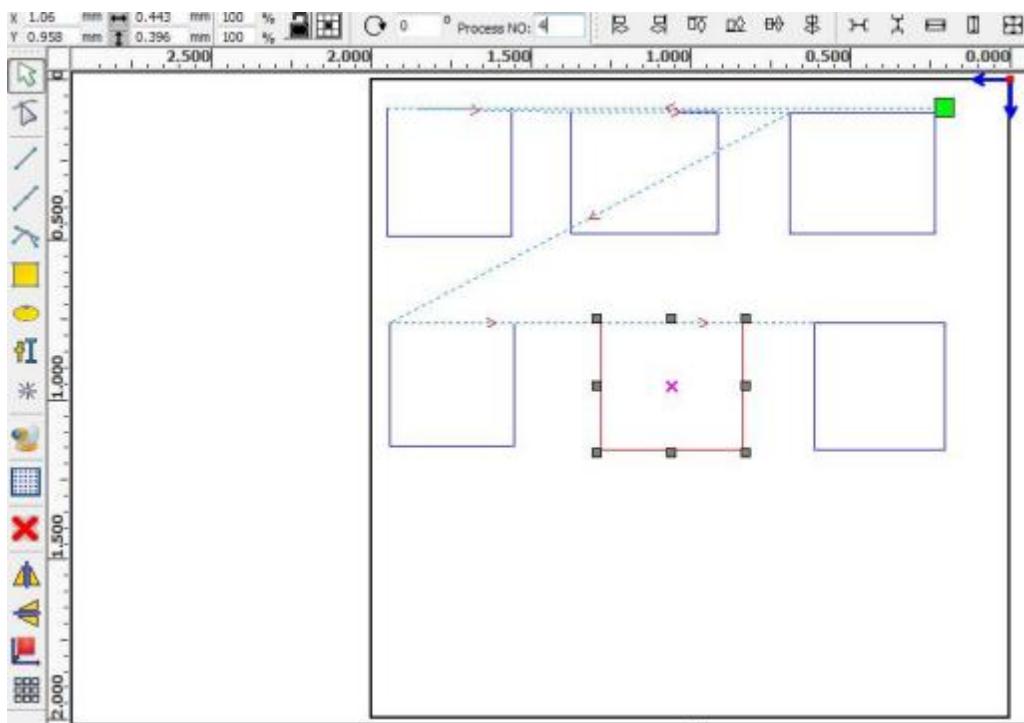
In addition to cutting property features, the software also offers some tools to change the cutting order, cutting direction and cutting point.

Select  in the toolbar, or click the menu command **Edit** -> **ShowPath**.



Manualsort

Choose the primitive that should be changed the cutting order, then the cutting serial number of the current primitive will display in the object properties bar.



Enter the serial number directly in the processing number, then press the keyboard “Enter” key, or click the plot area, the cutting order will be changed.

Change the processing direction

Click 【Edit】 -> 【Setcutdirection】 , to enter the edit mode of the cutting direction. Then you can double-click on any position on the selected graphic.

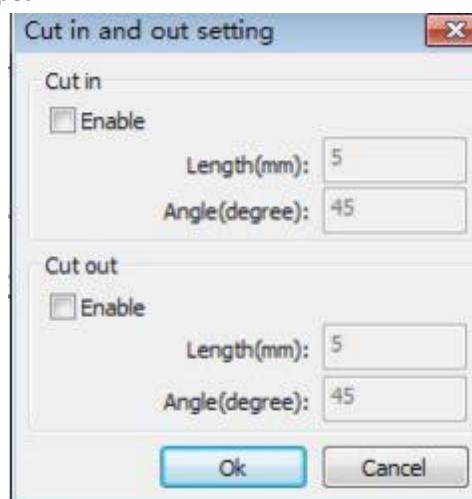
Change the cutting point

Click 【Edit】->【Setcutpoint】 , to enter the edit mode of the cutting point. Then select the curve that should be edited, you can double-click on the node that you want to set the cutting point to complete the change of the cutting point.

2.13.2 SettingAndEditingTheCutIn/CutOutLines

Drawing or importing curves, the curve is default no have any cutin/cutout outlines.

If want to add cutin/cutout outlines, select the objects, then click 【Edit】->【Editcutinproperty】 , or click  . The following dialog box is appear.



To make cutin/cut outlines, first of all need to enable the cut-in/cutout function.

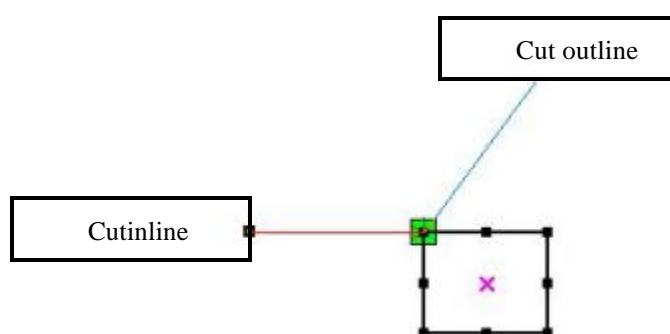
There are two types of the cutin/cut outlines: straightline and arc

Straightline cutin achieve through three ways:

Cutinwithangle: cutin line and starting segment into a certain angle , clockwise angle is positive

Cutinatcenter, the starting point of the cutin line is at center.

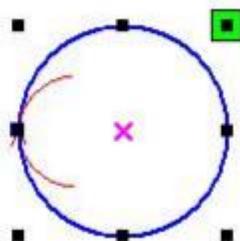
Cutinfromcenter , the direction of the cutin line is from center to starting point, and length is as setting.



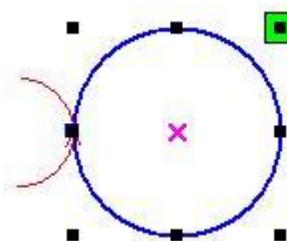


The arclengthof cutinarcisassetting.

There are two types of cut in / cutout arc, as shown in the following figure



Fe



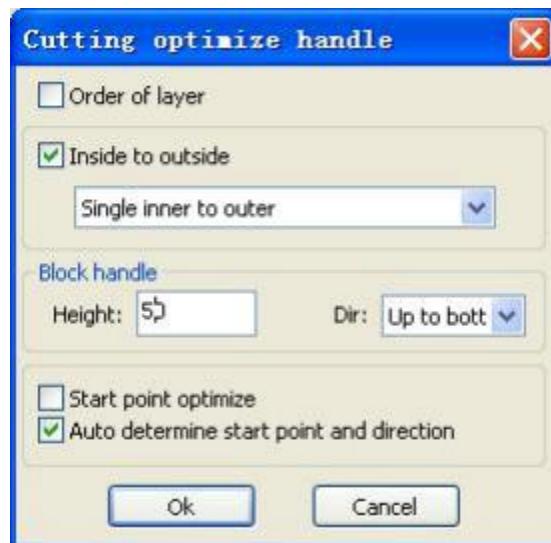
Male

The processing of setting cut outlines is the same as cutting lines.

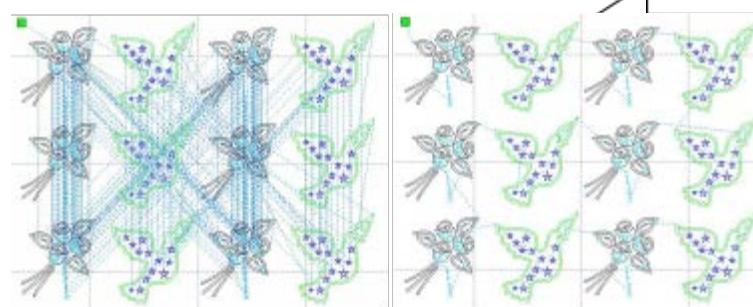
2.13.3 Path Optimization

Path optimization is primarily to re-order the vector graphics.

Click menu 【Handle】->【Cut optimize】， or click  , the following dialog box appears.



Click menu 【Edit】->【ShowPath】， or click  , can see the cutting path before processing.



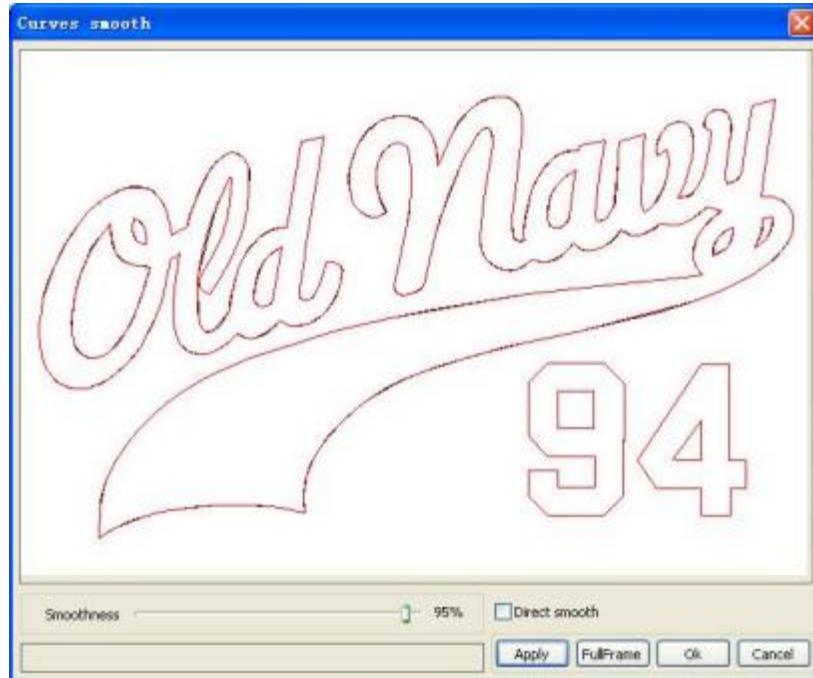
Before reprocessing After processing

Graphics cutting path is always starting from the laser head.

2.13.4 CurveSmooth

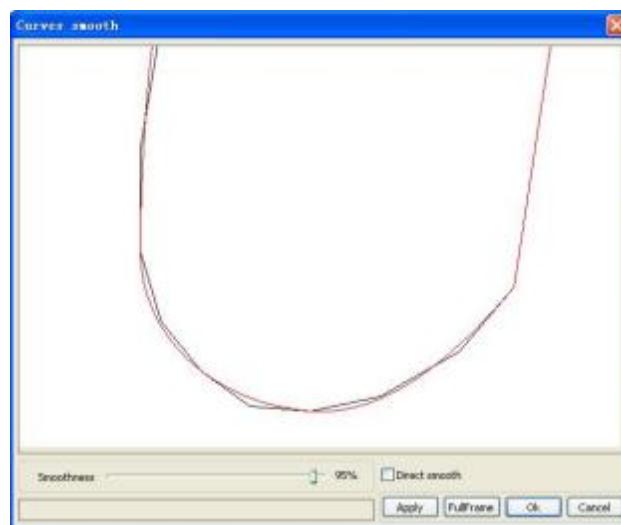
For some less accurate curves, this function can make curves more smoothness, and processing smoother.

Click menu 【Handle】->【CurveSmooth】， or click ， the following dialog box appears。



Drag the smooth slider, and click button 【Apply】， before smooth and after smooth curves will all show in the dialog.

The black curves represent the original curves, and the red curves represent after smooth curves.



You can view the graphics with drag mouse.

You can zoomin/zoomout the graphics withscrollwheel.

Clickbutton 【FullFrame】 , graphicswillshowninthedialogboxforlargest.

Aftergetsatisfiedsmoothingeffect, clickbutton 【Apply】 , curveswillprocessingsmoothaccording to smoothnesssettings.

Select“Directsmooth” , youcanuseanothersmoothingmethod.

The choiceof smoothingmethod shouldbe changedwith theneedsoftheactualgraphic.

2.13.5 CheckClosure

Clickmenu 【Handle】 -> 【Curveautoclose】 , orclick SystemBar  , the followingdialogbox appears.

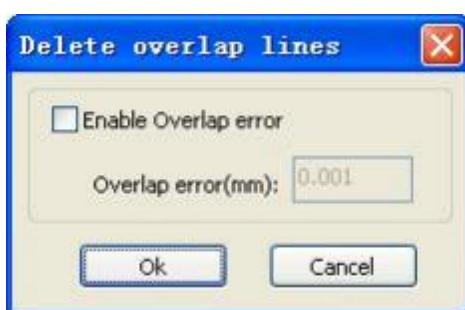


Closeerror: Whendistancefromthestartingpointtoendingpointlessthan closetolerance, automatic closingof thecurve.

Force to close:Mandatoryclosure of allselectedcurves.

2.13.6 RemoveTheOverlap

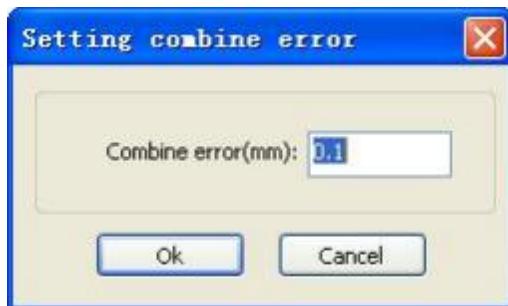
Clickmenu 【Handle】 -> 【Deleteoverlap】 , orclick  , the dialogboxappear.



Undernormalcircumstancesdonotselectthe“EnableOverlaperror”.Removingtheoverlappinglineswhentwolinesarecomparedtoagooddegreeofcoincidence.Ifyouneedtodeleteoverlappinglines, youshouldselect“EnableOverlaperror”, andsetoverlaperror. Generallydonotoverlaperrorset toolarge, so as toavoidaccidentaldeletion.

2.13.7 CombineCurve

Clickmenu【Handle】 / 【CombineCurve】 , orclick  , thefollowing dialogboxappears.



The software automatically merges curves in the selected curves, when these curves merge tolerance is less than the setting of combine error.

2.13.8 BitmapHandle

Click  , andselectabitmap, thenclickmenu【Handle】 -> 【Bitmaphandle】 , orclickSystem Bar .



In the topright of the dialogbox displays theinformation of thecurrentimage.

Benoted that, thehorizontalresolutionand verticalresolutionis changing withdrag scaling.

【Appliytoview】 : Currentsettingsisonlyusedforpreview, withoutaffectingtotheoriginalbitmap,

pressbutton 【Cancel】 , bitmap will return to the state of original image. Therefore, only use for adjust effect. However, this approach requires more time and memory Space.

【Apply to source】 : Current settings is use for original bitmap directly, so even finally click button 【Cancel】 , image will also be unable to return to the original image. Therefore, it mainly used in multi-step operation , and the current operation of this step is necessary to do, such as general pictures must be transformed into gray scale. This can save the computing time of the follow-up operation.

【Save as】 : Retain the results of the previous operation, In addition to using 【Apply to view】 can also be exported。 On this basis, to facilitate subsequent processing.

【Grayscale】 Generally, other image processing is based on the grayscale, so before handling, you can do a gray scale processing, then click button 【Apply to source】 。 For the grayscale than the color image occupied smaller memory for large image step by step handle, to a certain extent to avoid the lack of memory.

For color image, adjust contrast and brightness, have some auxiliary effect to following dither processing.

Adjust contrast:



Before processing After processing

Invert:



Beforeprocessing Afterprocessing

Sharp:



Beforeprocessing Afterprocessing

There are three methods for dither processing: Netgraphic、Dotgraphic、Blackandwhite.

Net graphic

Netgraphic need adjust net size, better suited to material which is no high resolution, or the laser is relatively slow to respond.

To get the appropriate net size, you can adjust resolution and net frequency of the image.

The higher resolution, the more delicate.

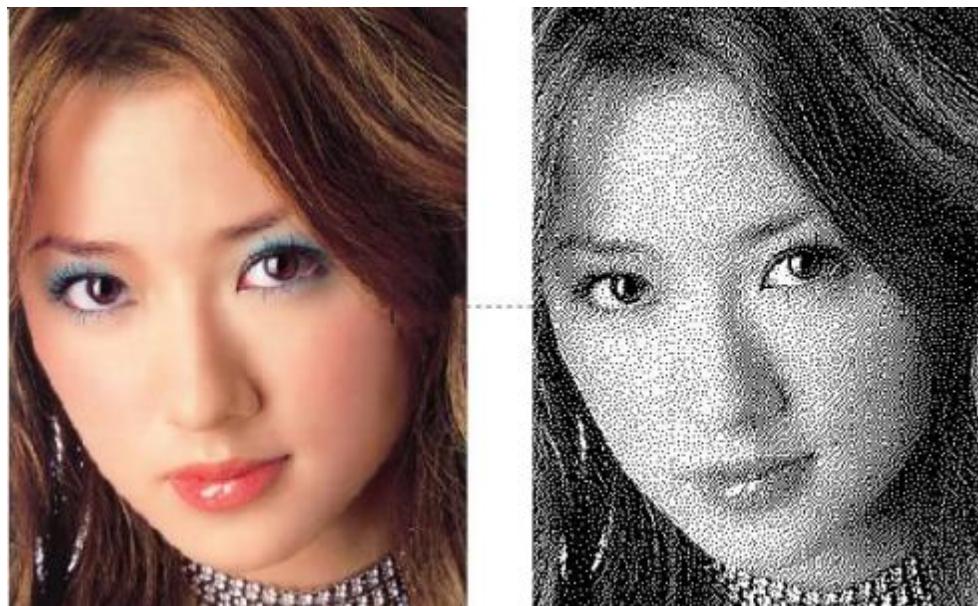
The higher net frequency, the smaller net size. The lower net frequency, the bigger net size.

Generally, resolution of image is 500 - 1000, and net frequency is 30-40 lines.



Dot graphic

Dotgraphic performance of good grayscale, better suited to material which is high resolution, and the laser responds fast.

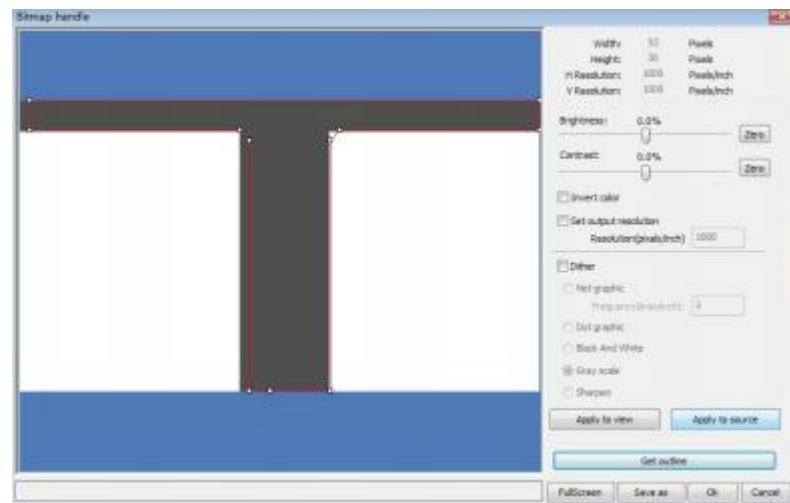


Black andwhite

In most cases, the effect of color image to black and white image is poor, , however, for some clear outline image, is very easy to use.



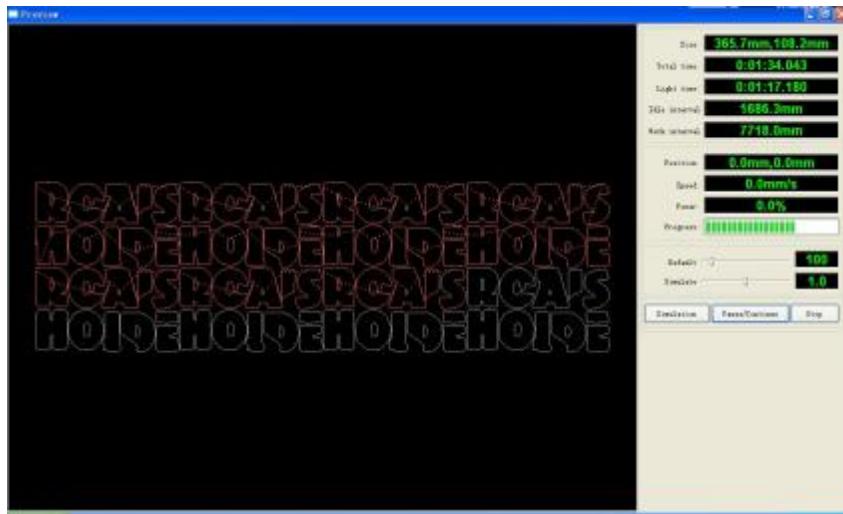
Getoutline:



Click “Getoutline” button to extract the contour graph. As following picture.

2.13.9 Processingpreview

Clickmenu【Edit】->【Preview】，or clickSystemBar .

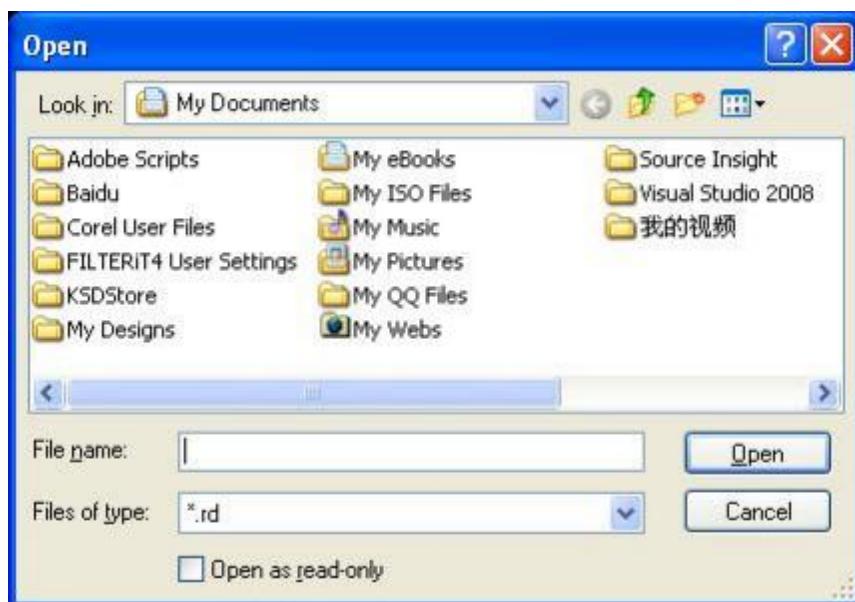


Software supports the preview of the documents to be processed, and you can get some basic information through the preview. For example, the path of the actual output of the processing, general processing time, processing the distance. The machining process can be simulated.

In addition to the current edited file preview, you can also preview the files have been saved as rd.

Previewrdfile:

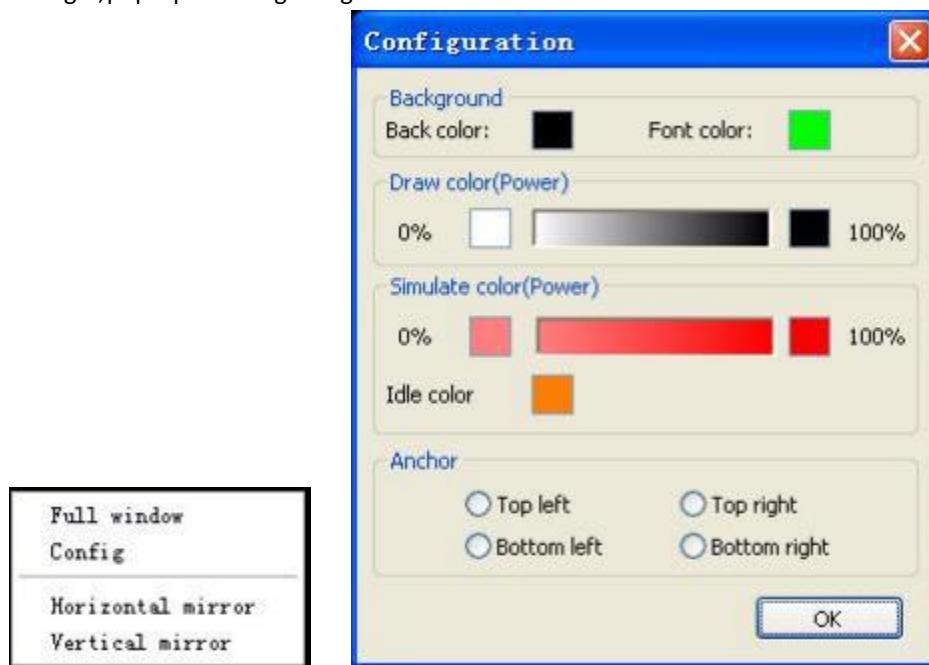
Double-click in the graphics display area. Choose the graphic you want to preview in the pop-up dialog box. And then open



Software also supports to set the parameters of preview

Right-click Anywherein the graphics display area, the configuration menu will appear.

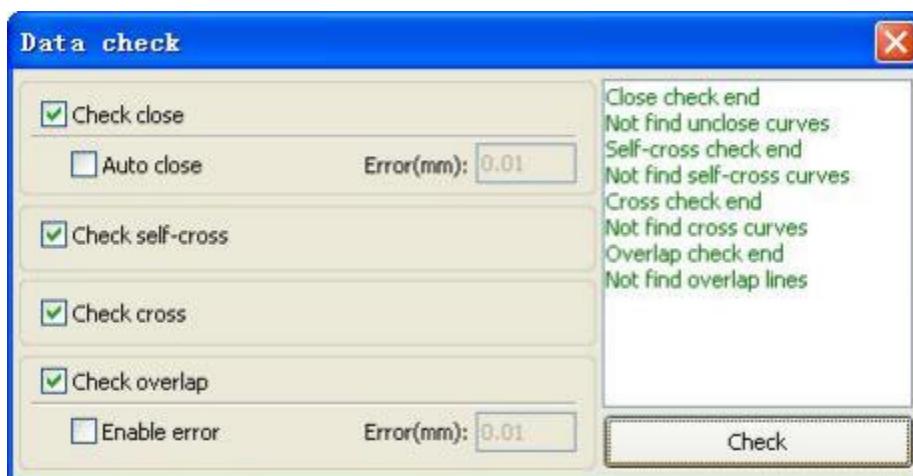
Select “Config”, pop-up following dialog box



You can preview the color of graphic to match the actual output of energy. User can easily view whether the layer energy is true.

2.13.10 Data check

Selected to check after the graphics, click on the menu commands 【Handle】 / 【datacheck】 , or click system toolbar .



Data check, integration of the closed inspection, the inspection, the inspection, the intersection of the fellowship data overlap check. The user can select a check, inspection onto the problem after data, will be in the dialog box right tip have been found and, at the same time, the problem in selected state graphics. Check-> ruled out repeatedly error-> inspection process until all the data are conform to the

requirements of the processing.

2.13.11 Generationparallel lines

Selected to create parallel lines after the data, click on the menu command the 【Handle】 / 【Offset poly】 , or click system toolbar .



Redline in the figure for the original graphics, greenline is inside shrink graphics.

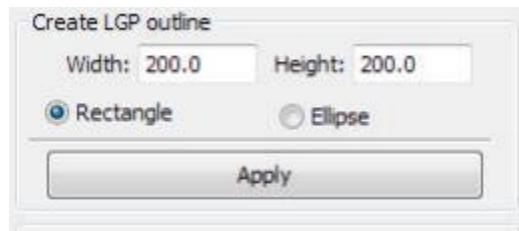
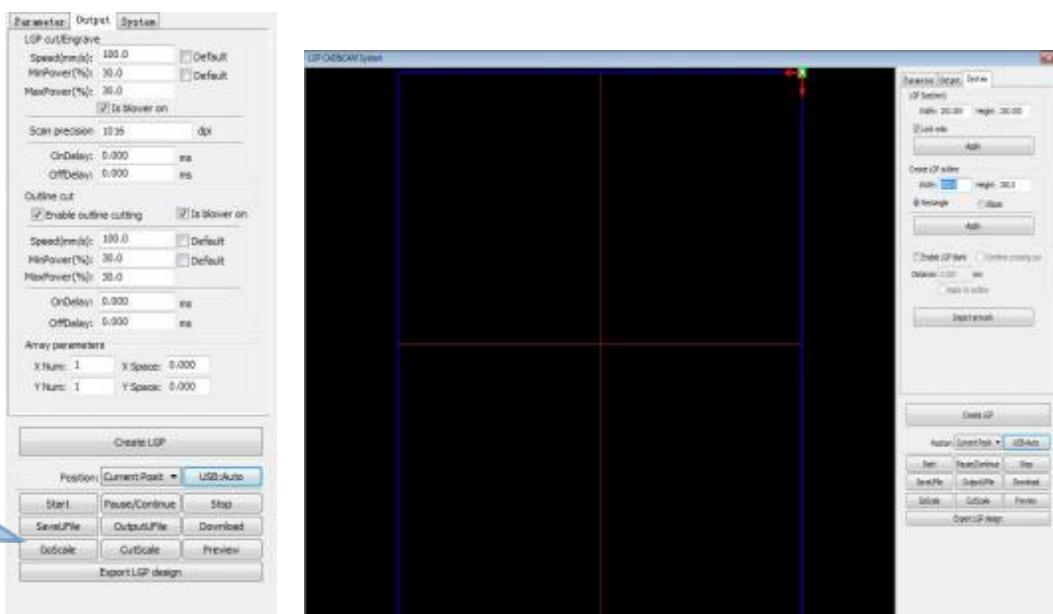
2.13.12 LGPdesign

Click the menu command the 【edit】 / 【LGPdesign】 , or click drawing toolbar, already can start reflex block design tools, the tools are specific to block the sun processing, is an independent function, such as the user is not involved in the sun block can be ignored this section processing content.

Play channel tabularasadesign tools, we first need to design a reflex guide the outline. Play channel tabularasadesign tools, we first need to design a reflex guide the outline. Play channel tabularasadesign tools, we first need to design a reflex guide the outline.

In the tool, the default created a 200X200 rectangular guidetabularasa outline. The user can in the tools of "system" page manually create a standard to the shape of the guidetabularasa outline.

Software also supports the
noflightguide plate
e ofexporttoRDWorks
program for processing

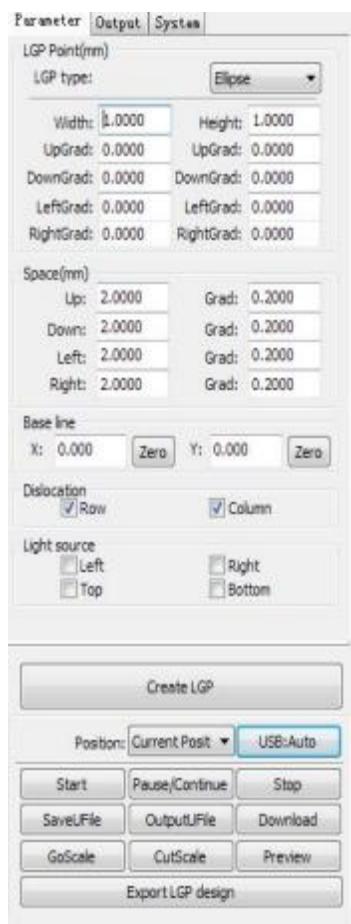


Create standard setting the outline can use rectangular or oval. The user can also import a good graphic design, as the outline of the sun. Click on the "introduction to guide tabular as a contour" button, can choose to have the outline of the document as the sun. Need to point out that outline file must be closed graphics, otherwise, the system will automatically deleted.



If the outline of import size requirements, user can also change size outline, and can set up if stay white edge.

Outline graphics ready, they can start on the tabular as in increase network.



Network is divided into six ways: horizontal, vertical line, elliptical, rectangle, reticle and the grid.

Baseline related with light source, the user can adjust the baseline position according to the light source. In the

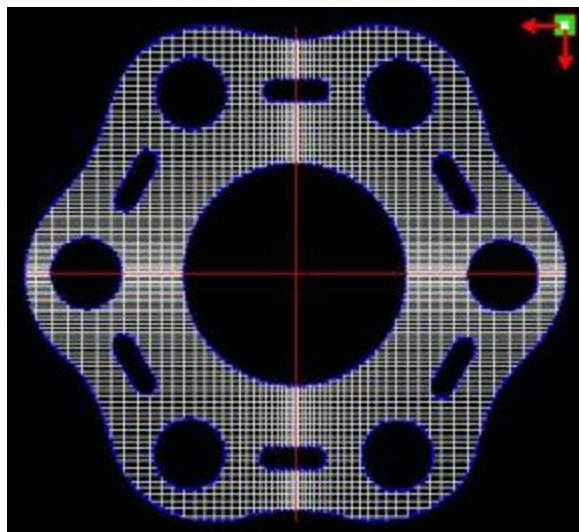
figure above red graticule marker is the baseline, user can move the mouse set to baseline, press the mouse, and then drag the baseline to want to position.

The entire guide baseline reflex is divided into four regions, level above baseline definition for uplink and downlink below defined as; Vertical baseline definition for the left column on the left, the right to define right column.

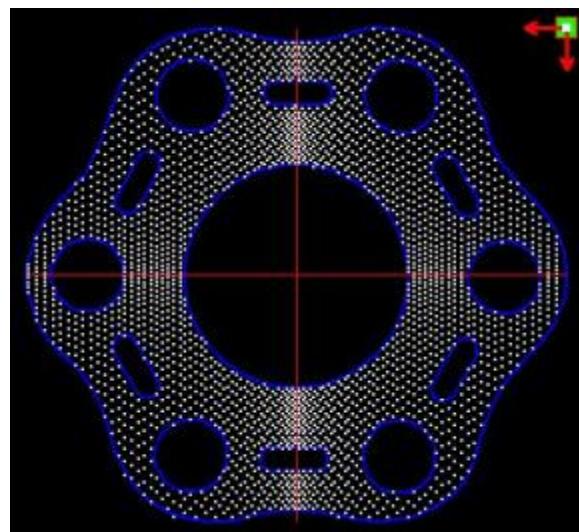
Set respectively size and spacing network respectively in up, down, left column, the right column initial value and the gradient of the change, can form users want to conducting tabula rase effect.

For grid way, must set exercise can/column that can, can appear the grid.

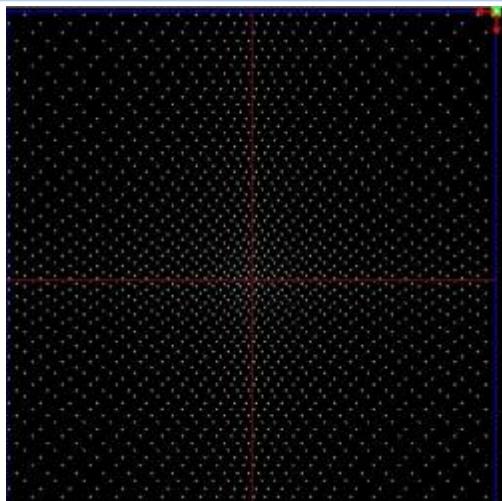
For the convenience of application, the system to provide the light setup, if the light source is standard, can choose the light source, then set the network parameters can be, do not need to adjust the baseline. At this time, baseline shows hide also.



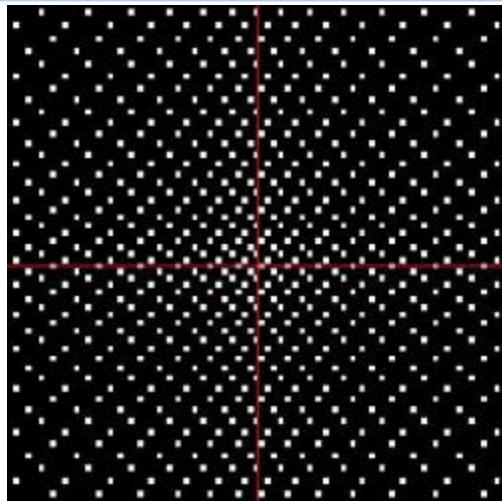
Gridway



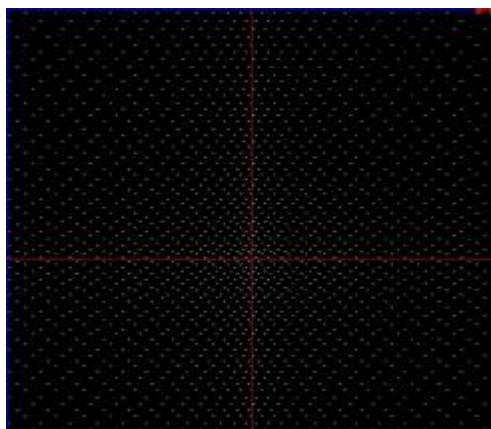
Ellipticway



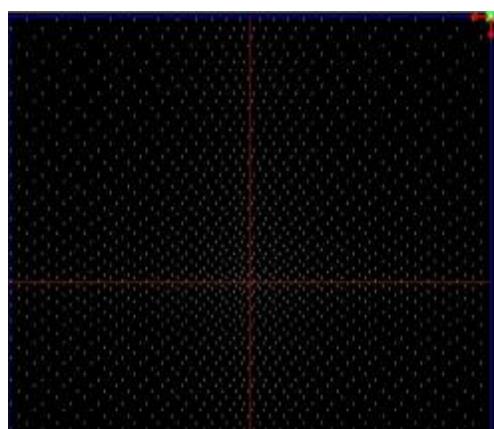
Reticleway



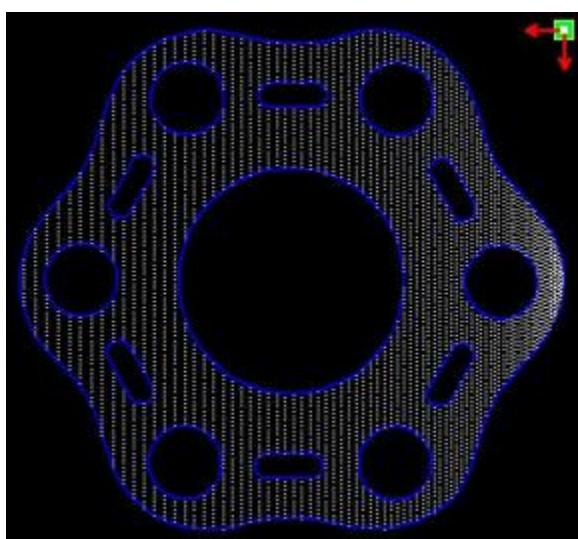
Rectangleway



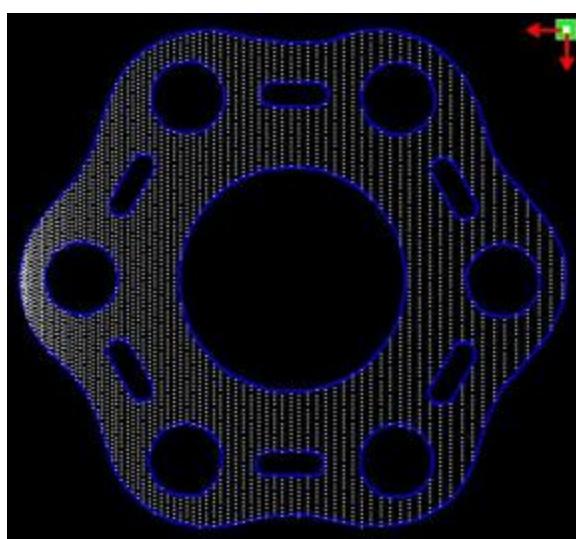
Horizontalline



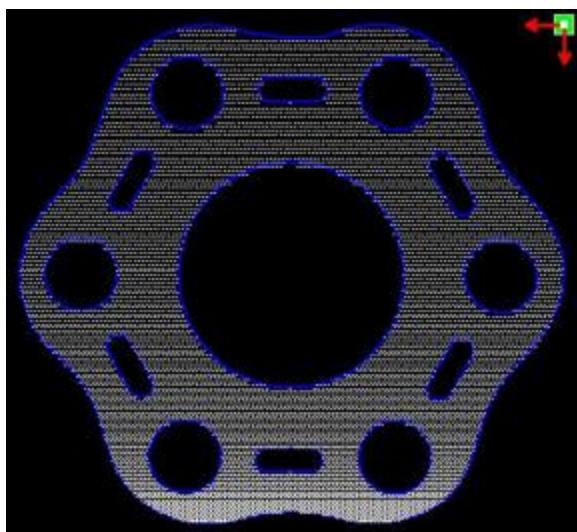
Verticalline



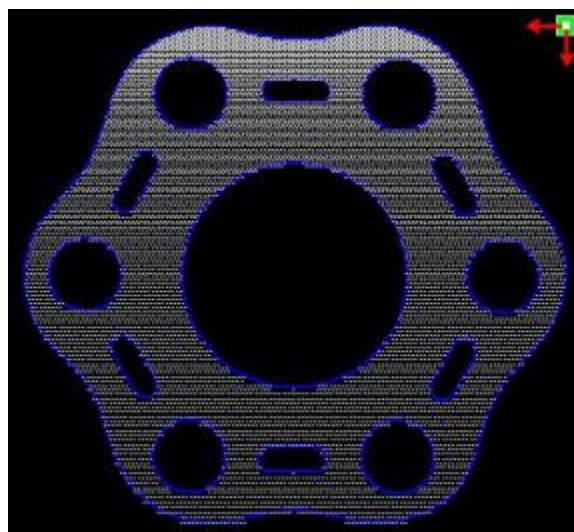
Leftlight source



Rightlight source



TopLight source



Bottomlight source

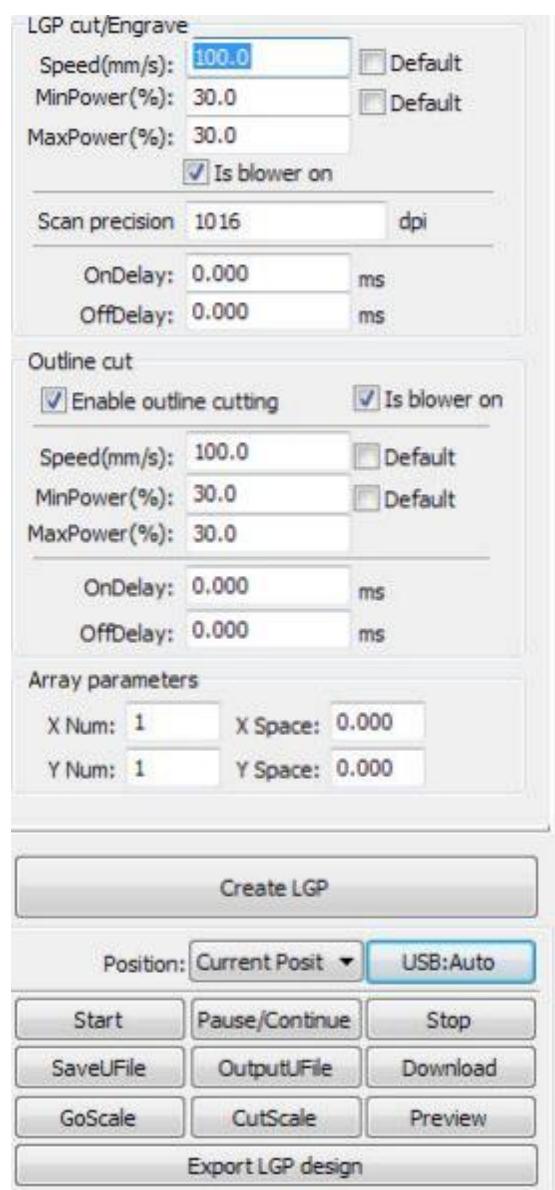
horizontal,verticalLine,reticle,elliptical,rectangular way is then network scanning mode of output.

Scanning mode, the minimum energy, maximum energy generally is same, and dedication of the delay is 0. By adjusting the scanning system precision, to adjust the scanning of the density, the more accurately the scanning scanline secret, scanning the lower accuracy the scanline is sparse.

The grid processing method is cutting, and scanning not precision, and can be adjusted according to the actual effect, the maximum and minimum energy light switch delay, generally speaking, the least energy slightly lower than the maximum energy.

If need to cut the reflex the outline, make can contour cutting. About cutting parameters and common cutting Settings identical, in hereby here.

If need to press array in the way processing more panels, can be set to array parameters; Array direction along the machine is always the origin in the opposite direction.



Section 3System Settings

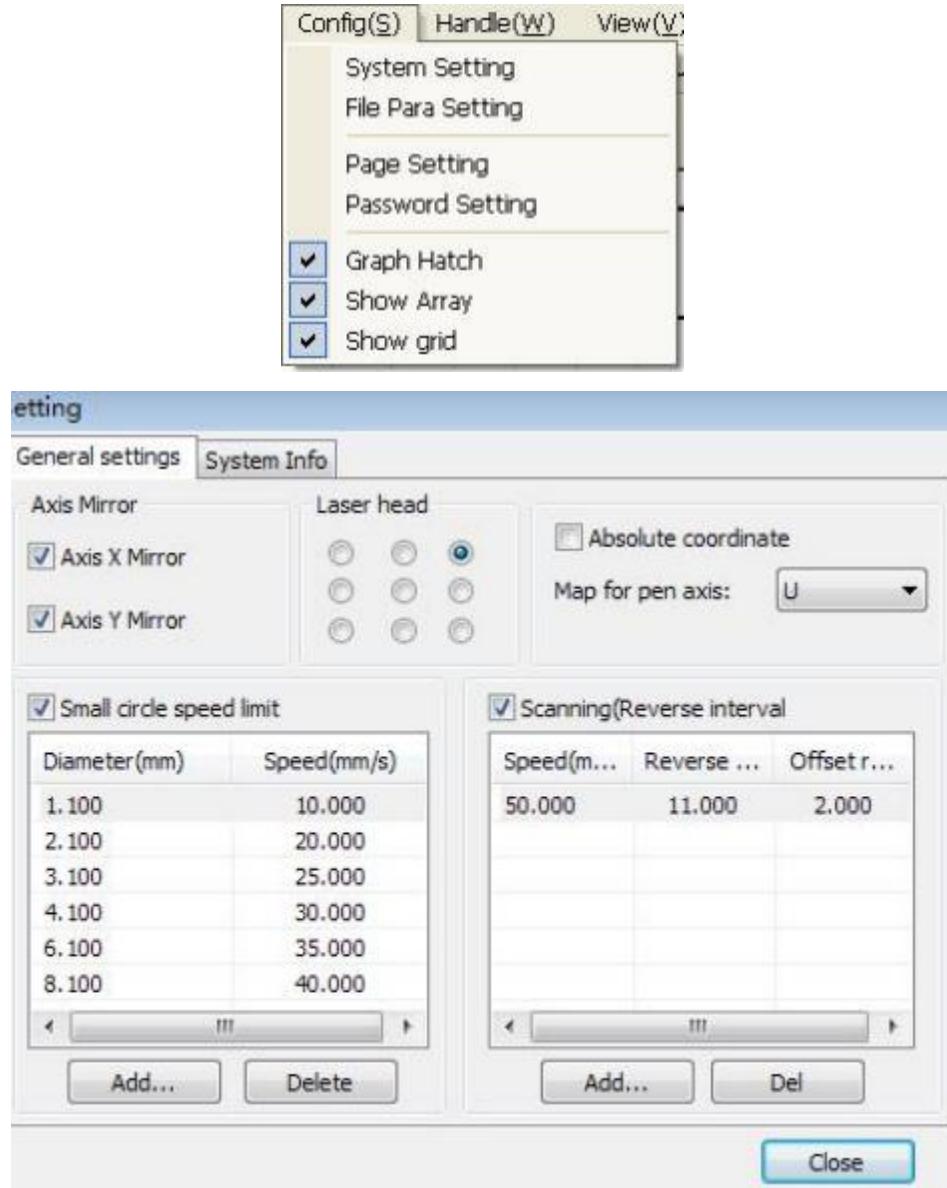
CONTENTS:

- General settings
- Systeminfo
- User parameters
- DocumentManagement

3.1 General settings

Before output graphics, required to determine whether the system settings are correct. Click menu

【Config】 -> 【SystemSetting】



AxisMirror

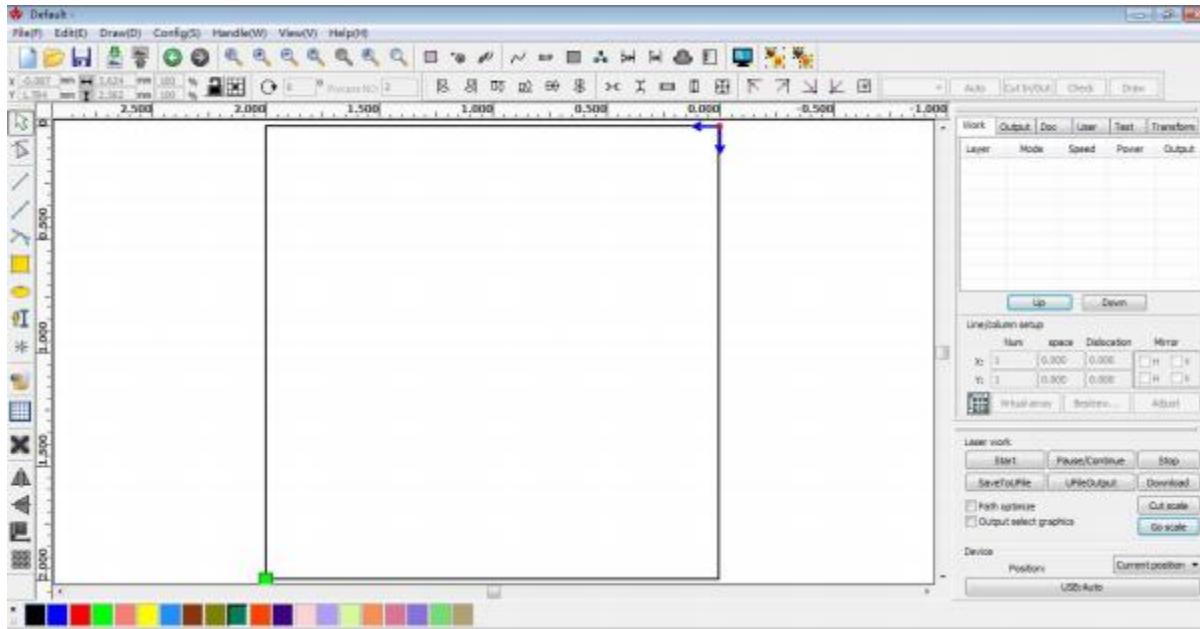
Generally, Axis direction of mirror is based on the actual allocation of the limit or home of machine.

The default coordinate system is Descartes coordinates system, and zero in the bottom left.

If the zero point of the machine is top left, then X-Axis does not need to mirror, but Y-Axis need to mirror.

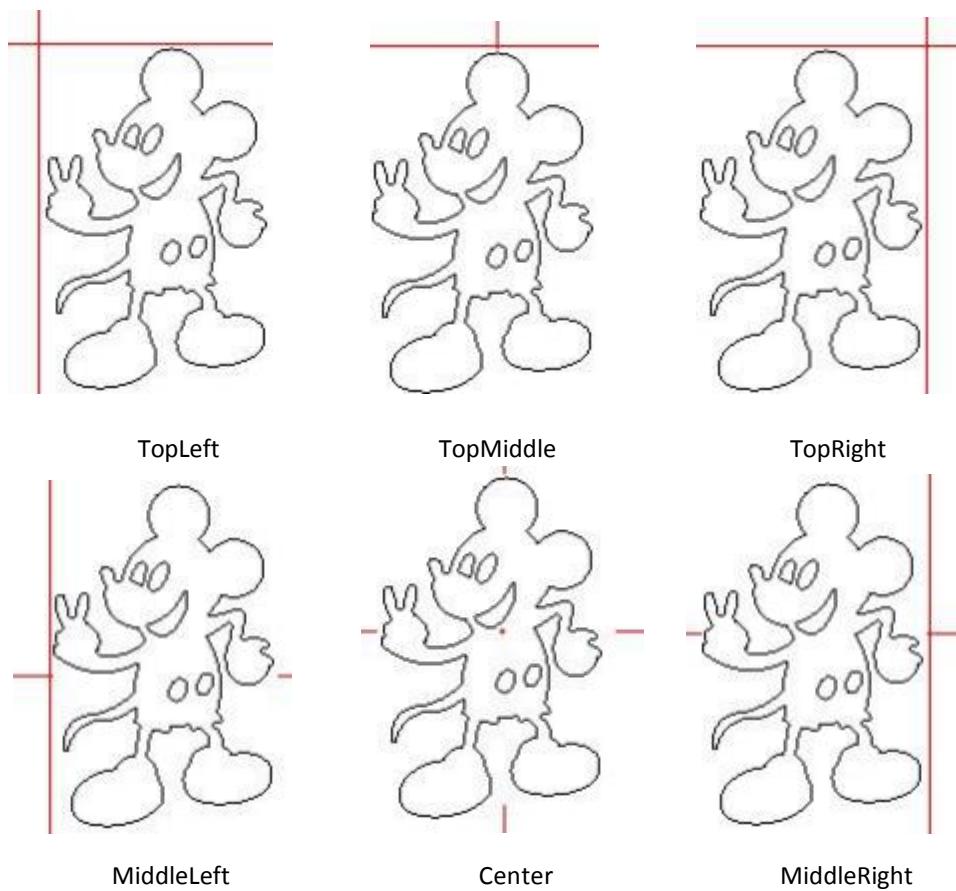
If the zero point of the machine is top right, then both X-Axis and Y-Axis are all need to mirror.

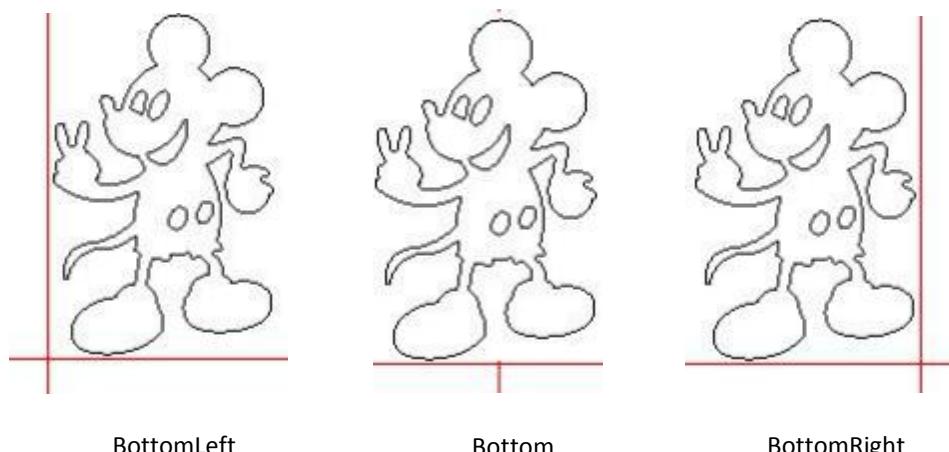
In addition, this function can also be used to other application form mirror.



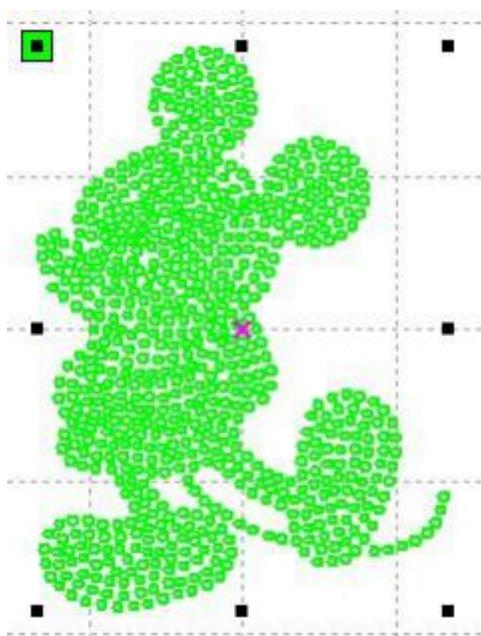
Laserhead

Position of Laserhead means the location laserhead relative to the graphic.





when you intuitive view, just look at the zone where the green point appears.



Absolute Coordinate

You can directly check this option when you want the graphic's location in the graphics display area to correspond to the actual work location of processing. Then the graph position will no longer relate with the actual output position of the laser head and orientation point, but always regard mechanical origin as the anchor point.

Put pen to paper axis mappings

If machines have been installed the life platform, and need for processing on different platform height

Small Circle Speed Limit

On processing work, the software automatically determines whether the current round needs to limit speed, then according to the diameter size of the circle to determine the speed. If parameter

configuration appropriate, will greatly enhance the quality of small round. Click button 【Add】 , 【Delete】 , 【Modify】 to configuration.

Small circle is less than speed of the rules limiting the list of small round circle of minimum radius, minimum radius circle at the speed of the output of the corresponding.

If the speed greater than maximum speed limit list the speed round, the speed only associated with the speed of the layer.

If the speed is in the list, set the output speed by list.

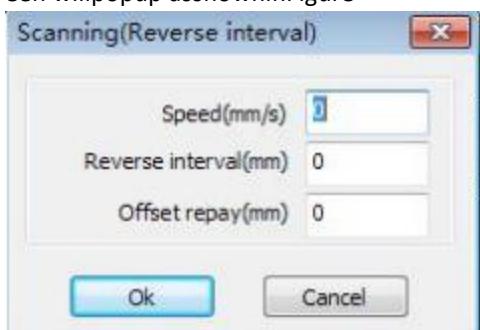
If the request received by limiting layer parameters faster than the speed set in the layer, press the speed of the output layer.

Scanbacklash

Laser scanning graphic way, because the relationship between the machine belt tension may cause the edge of the scanned graphics uneven. Therefore, increasing backlash to fix. It has the specific backlash for the certain speed. General, the greater the speed, the greater the backlash.

① Addbacklash

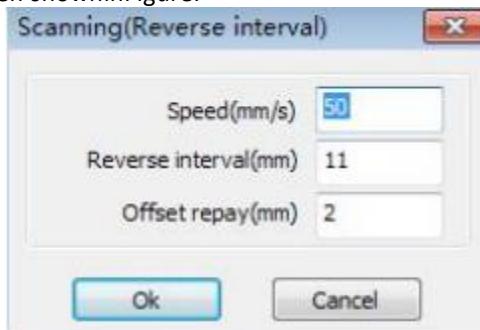
Click the Addbutton, the screen will pop up as shown in Figure



Set speed and backlash, click OK, the value to be inserted into the list of backlash.

② Modifybacklash

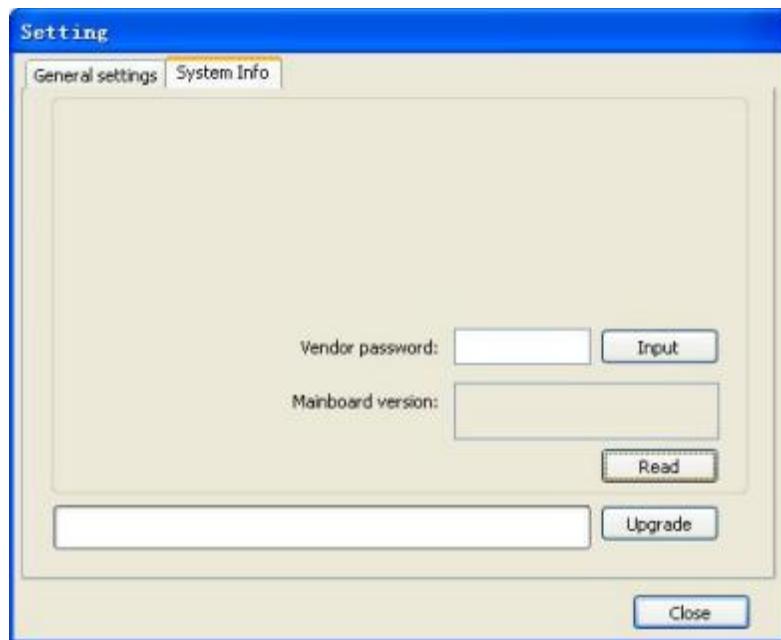
Double-click the left mouse button scanning (reverse gap) need to modify the reverse block entry clearance, then the pop-up screen shown in Figure.



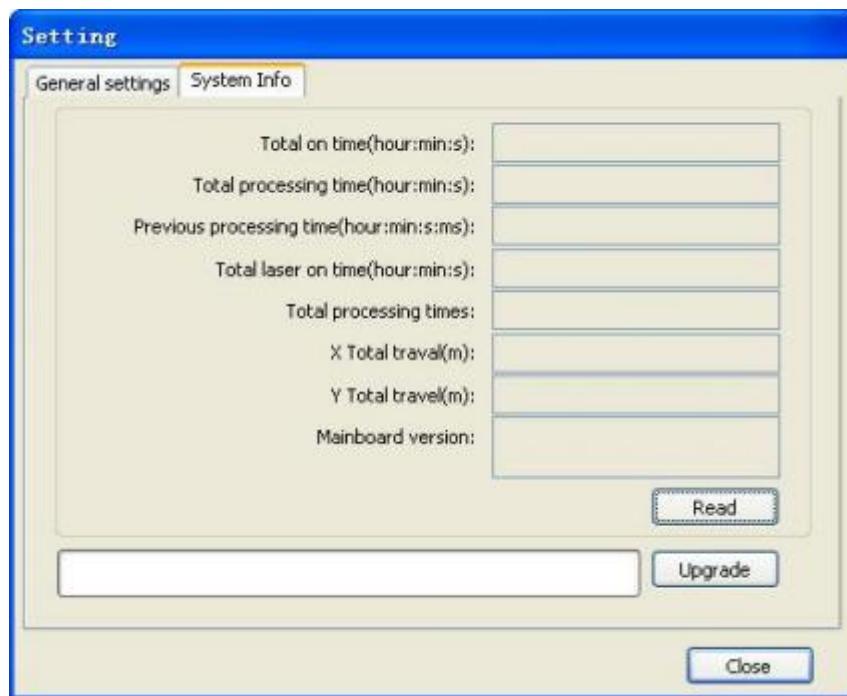
In the interface can modify the current speed of the corresponding backlash.

③ Removebacklash

3.2 Systeminfo



Information on the operation of the motherboard manufacturers need to enter password to view parameters.



Total on time: The total time of motherboard working

Total processing time: The total time of processing, including the time of jump moving.

Previous processing time: The time of the last processing

Total laser on time: The time of the laser processing

Totalprocessingtimes:Thenumberofcompletedprocessing,notincludetheprocessingforcingto
end.

Xtotaltravel: ThetotaltravelofmotorX.

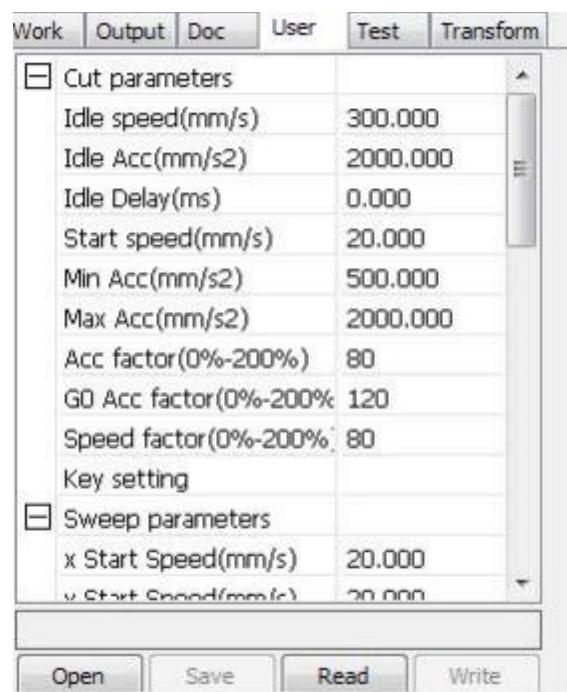
Ytotaltravel: ThetotaltravelofmotorY.

Motherboard version: The version of the currentcontroller.

The functionofupgrades:

Iftheboardhasadditionalfeatures, themanufacturerswillprovidetheupdatefile (*.binformat),
theusercanloadtheupgradefiletoupgradethemotherboard.Aftertheupgrade,youneedtoclickon
the controlpanel"Reset"buttonreset themotherboardbeforenormaluse.

3.3Userparameters



Reading theboardparametersmustbefore operating theuserparameters.

3.3.1 Cut parameters

Cut parameters	
Idle speed(mm/s)	300.000
Idle Acc(mm/s ²)	2000.000
Idle Delay(ms)	0.000
Start speed(mm/s)	20.000
Min Acc(mm/s ²)	500.000
Max Acc(mm/s ²)	2000.000
Acc factor(0%-200%)	80
G0 Acc factor(0%-200%)	120
Speed factor(0%-200%)	80
Key setting	

Idle speed: this parameter decides the max. speed of all lines not emitting beams during the operation of the machine. This parameter should not be lower than the lower of the jump-off speed of the X-axis and that of the Y-axis and not exceed the higher of the max. speed of the X-axis and that of the Y-axis, if the setting is illegal, the controller will automatically set this parameter within the range above; a comparatively high idle speed can shorten the operation time of the entire figure while excessive very high idle speed may cause dithering of the tracks, therefore, you should take all relevant factors into consideration when setting.

Idle Acc: Corresponds to the acceleration of the speed of air travel time, air and air-way ways speed of acceleration to match, if you set too slow the actual speed may not reach the air-way set value, if set too fast, they may not withstand the mechanical structure, resulting jitter. Slightly higher than the general acceleration of air-way cut acceleration.

Cutting Acc: Corresponding to the acceleration of the speed of cutting (cutting speed is the speed of the layer parameters of the layers).

Acc factor: the corresponding coefficient of empty walking speed, the greater the ratio, the greater the idle speed.

Go Acc factor: Corresponding coefficient of cutting speed, the bigger the ratio the greater the cutting speed speed factor: round the corner turning speed, the greater the coefficient is larger.

Turning speed: Turning the corresponding deceleration in the cutting process, the minimum speed of the drop, when processing a lot of teeth when the graphics may be appropriate to reduce the turning speed.

Turning Acc: Should match with the turning velocity.

Cutting mode: Split precision cutting, fast cutting, ultra-fast cutting, the user can choose according to the actual applications. Such as the emphasis on accuracy, select the precision cutting, such as emphasizing speed, select the fast cutting.

3.3.2 Sweep parameters

Sweep parameters	
x Start Speed(mm/s)	20.000
y Start Speed(mm/s)	20.000
x Acc(mm/s ²)	3000.000
y Acc(mm/s ²)	2000.000
Line Shift Speed (mm/s)	150.000
Scan Mode	Common Mode
Facula Size(50~99%)	98.000

xStartSpeed,yStartSpeed:Offscanning speed in the use of stepper motor drag, do not begin to accelerate from 0, but can start work directly from a speed to shorten the overall processing time, but the speed is not too high, and because the X, Y axial load is different from the rate, general the initial speed of X-axis slightly higher than the initial speed of Y-axis

xAcc,yAcc:With the scanning speed (the speed of layers in the layer parameters) to match, if set too small, the scan speed to a longer distance, the scanning efficiency. The machine can be set according to the actual structure, load conditions vary. Since X, Y axis load, generally much higher than the X-axis Y-axis accelerometer.

Line shift speed of scanning: this parameter is specially used to control the max. speed of the scanning to shift vertically from one line to the next line below it. If during the scanning, the line space is too large or the block space is too large when scanning block figures while precise positioning for each line or block is required, you can set the line shift speed of scanning to a comparatively low value. This parameter cannot be less than the jump-off speed of the corresponding axis during the line shift and cannot be higher than the max. speed of the corresponding axis during the line shift, if the setting is illegal, the controller will automatically set this parameter within the range above.

Scan mode: There are two modes for your selection: the general mode and the special mode, in the general mode, there's no any treatment during the scan, in the special mode, light spots will be treated. If the special mode is activated, the power of the laser should be increased and correspondingly, the light spot percentage will be lower and the laser power attenuation will be higher, to achieve the same depth of scanning, the laser power should be higher. The purpose to select the special mode is to make the laser to emit beams at high power and in short period, during deep scanning, the effect of flat bottom can be achieved, however, if the light spots are improperly adjusted, this effect may not be achieved and the working mode of high power and short period may influence the service life of the laser. The default mode is the general mode.

FaculaSize: When scanning the general pattern of selection, the argument is invalid, when you select a special mode, the onset of the parameters. Control the parameters of control in 50% to 99%,

respectively.

3.3.3 Home parameters

Home para	
Home speed(mm/s)	150.000
Auto home X	No
Auto home Y	No
Auto home z	No
Auto home U	No

Homespeed: This parameter determines the machine is turned back to the origin when the speed of a larger format if the machine can be set to reset the speed is too large, but not too much.

X, Y, Z, U Auto home: The axis can be set whether it should reset at boot time.

3.3.4 Feeding parameters

Feeding para	
Delay before feed(s)	0.000
Delay after feed(ms)	0
Progressive feeding	No
Progressive feeding repa	0.000

Delay before feed: when using the feeding device, a single delay before feeding, the user can arrange such as sorting material at this time.

Delay after feed: refers to material feeding device to reach the designated position, need stability for a period of time before reprocessing.

Progressive feed: feed until material sent to in place of one line is away off feeding.

3.3.5 Go Scale parameters

Go Scale para	
Go scale mode	Close laser
Go scale blank(mm)	0.000

Go scale mode: Points of flight to go off the border, the opening cut borders, corners three modes.

Go scale blank: Walking frame can be based on the actual image size up and down again about the direction of some of the white left side of the border in order to ensure complete contain the actual graphics.

This setting is on the control panel to go with the border-related functions, while walking on the

border with the independent software.

3.3.6 Other parameters

Other	
Array processing	Bi-dir Array
Return position	Origin
Focus depth(mm)	0.000
Backlash X(mm)	0.000
Backlash Y(mm)	0.000

Array mode: you can choose the swing mode and the one-way mode. The swing mode: cutting the array back and forth in order; the one-way mode: always cutting the array from one direction to another. If one-way mode is selected, all array units have the same movement modes and the same liquidity of movement, however, this mode will take more time than the swing mode. The default mode is the swing mode.

Return position: You can select the locating point and the machine origin. This parameter decides the position, the locating point or the machine origin, where the laser head stops upon completion of each operation.

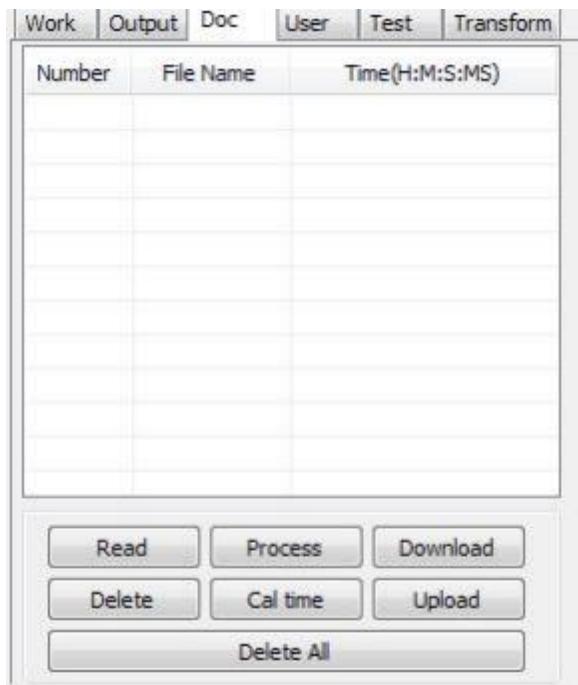
Delay before feed: Using the feeding device, the delay before a single feed, users can arrange the time and the like, such as picking process.

Delay after feed: Refers to the material sent to the feed device in place, the need for stability after a period of time for processing.

Focus depth: Auto focus operation to find the corresponding panel.

Backlash X, Y: Used to compensate the backlash caused by the machine drive problems.

3.4 Document Management



Read

Click button Read, the software will communicate with the controller, read the list of files on the controller.

After read controller successful, file information will be displayed in the document list.

Download

Click button Download, will pop up the file dialog, select *.rdd downloaded file, then the file will be downloaded to the controller.

If the download is successful, the document list will update.

Process

Select the file to be processed from the document list, and click button Process.

The controller will start the specified document.

Delete

Select the file you want to delete from the document list, and click button Delete.

The controller will delete the specified document.

If the deletion is successful, the document list will be updated.

Delete All

Automatically remove all files in the controller, and update the document list.

Cal time

Motherboard supports processing files towards hours worked. Select the file to calculate the work hours worked and click the button. Calculation to be completed, the control panel will be prompted to complete the calculation. And then point to read buttons shown in the list, calculated from the working hours.

In addition, when the document processing operation performed, the hours information will also be covered by the actual processing work.

uploading

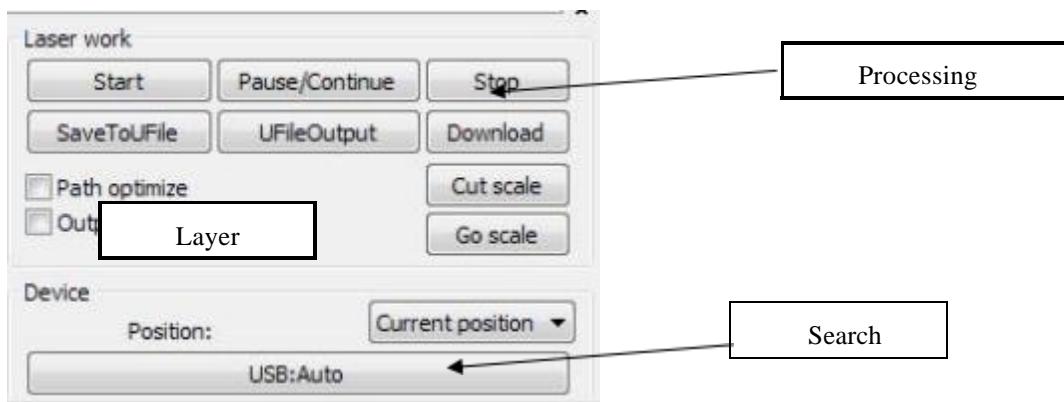
On the main board of the selected from read offline files, and saved to the computer.

Section 4 Processing Output

CONTENTS:

- SearchDevice
- Layer processing
- Position
- Go Scale、Cut Scale
- Start、Pause、Stop、Save To
 Un File、Un File Output、Download
- Output select graphics
- Path optimize
- Test
- Output Setting
- Layer Settings
- Vendor settings

4.1 SearchDevice

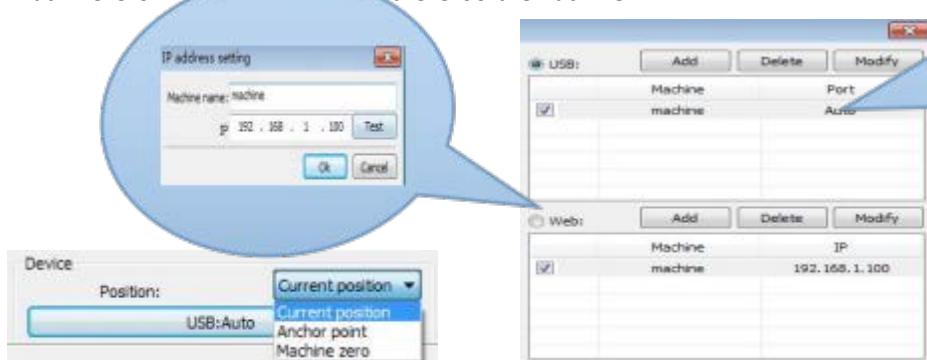


Linkdeviceintwodifferentways: USBandnetwork. ButthroughUSBportbuttononthepopup dialogbox, set connectionmodeand chooseconnectionport.

CurrentPosition:Laserheadback to thepositionbeforeprocessing.

Originalanchor:Laserheadback to thelast anchor ,the anchormaysetatpanel.

Machinezero: Laserheadback to thezeroofthemachine.



Ifthecomputerconnectedtoalaserdevice , optioncanbesettoautomatically,thesoftwarewill automatically determine the determine theconnection withthedeviceinterface

Whencomputerconnectionhasmanysetsoflaserequipment,clickadd,newcan,needtousewhich device ,click thecheckbox

Clickon 【add】or【modify】 ,canhimoutof thedialogboxasshownabove to 【add】or【modify】 can click on the 【test】 ,after testingwhethertheconnectionissuccessfulwiththedevice

Network:Ifthecomputerisconnectedtolaserdevice,clickontheadd,entertoconnectmachinename andIP addressof theequipment

Whenacomputerisconnectedwithmanysetsoflaserequipment,clickadd,whichcanusenew device,click thecheckbox

Clickon the 【add】or【modify】 willheadialogboxasshownabove to 【add】or【modify】 afterclickable 【test】 detect and equipment connectionissuccessful

Search at present already connected device, and choose from the drop-down list corresponding IP address machine.

4.2 Layer processing

First, in the menu 【Handle】->【Path optimize】 check “according to layer order”, then click “OK” to exit.

Layer reorder: Click button Up, Down can change the order of layers, or direct the mouse to drag the layer to the specified location.

Here, you must check the “Path optimize” option.

4.3 Position

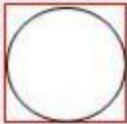
Setting the laser head back location after processing completed. (Current position、Original anchor、Machine Zero).

CurrentPosition: Laser head back to the position before reprocessing.

Original anchor: Laser head back to the last anchor, the anchor may set at panel.

Machine zero: Laser head back to the zero of the machine.

4.4 GoScale、CutScale

For	Example	Go
Scale, As the following figures shown, the actual graphic is round, and the red rectangle outside the circle is the smallest rectangle, click button GoScale, laser head will run once along the rectangular path.		Scale

For	Example	Cut	Scale,	As	the following figures shown, the actual graphic is round, and the red rectangle outside the circle is the smallest rectangle, click button CutScale, laser head will be cut along the rectangle.
-----	---------	-----	--------	----	--

4.5 Start、Pause、Stop、Save ToUnFile、Un File Output、Download

Start: Output the current graphic to the machine for processing.

Pause\Continue: Click Pause, will stop the processing work, click the button again to Continue

Stop: Stop the current processing work

Save ToUnFile:

Save current file as RD format, using for offline processing (Can be copied to other memory board for full offline operation) .

UnFileOutput:

Output the offline file(RD format)

After save offline file, click Un file Output to select rd file to processing.

Download:

Download the file to the memory of the controller, then user can start the file through the machine panel.

4.6 Output select graphics

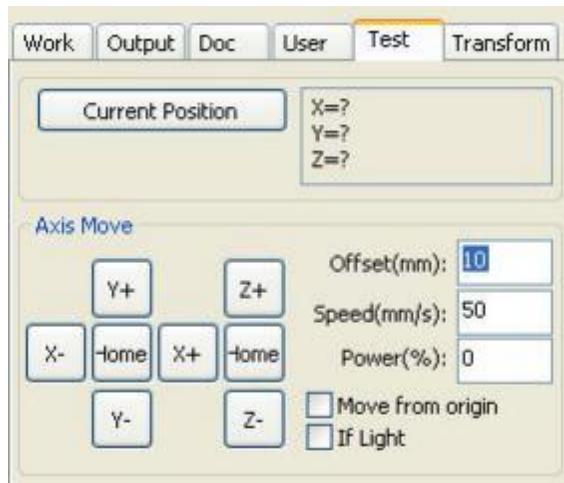
After check Output select graphics, then only output the selected part, rather than not output the part not selected.

4.7 Path optimize

After check Path Optimize, then automatically perform the path optimize before the output.

If has done the Path optimize or not need optimize, then not check Path Optimize can reduce waiting time.

4.8 Test



Axiscontrol,canonlycontroloneaxiseach time.Youcanset theinformation for axismove,including movelength、speed、laseron-offandlaserpower.

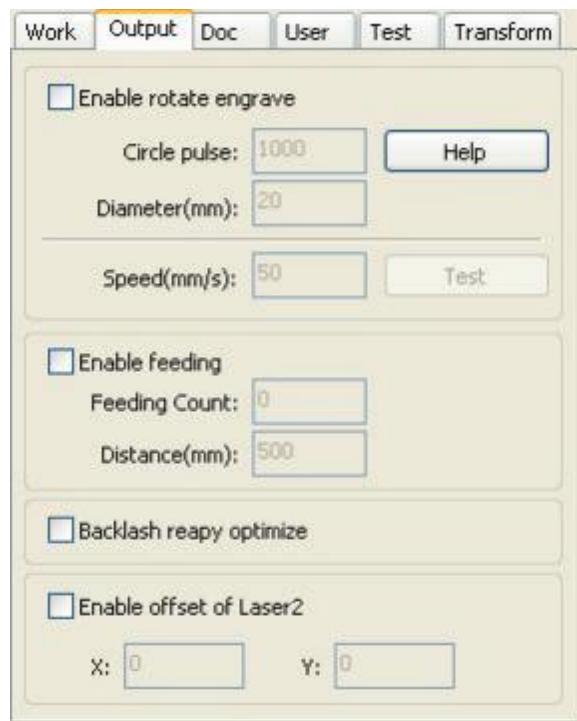
If you check“Movefromorigin”, then the offset you set means the offset to machine zero.

If you not check move from origin, then the offset means the offset to the current position.

The X-axis, for example, assuming the current position is 100mm, such as the step distance is set to 10mm, then the exercise once, the new location will be 110mm, such as the check moves from the origin, movement time, the new location will be 10mm, and repeated movement, location will no longer change.

Note: According to the provisions of the controller, the absolute position is none negative in the whole breadth. If you check the MoveFromOrigin, and set the offset value negative, then the machine will hit limiter.

4.9 Output Setting



4.9.1 Rotating sculpture

【Enablerotateengrave】 : After enable engraving, the actual precision of Y-axis will be based on diameter and stepper rotate to automatically match the setting of pulse precision of Y-axis. In addition, the work area in the main interface will also change.

【Diameter】 : The diameter size of the parts.

【Stepperrotate】 : The number of pulses corresponds to the workpiece rotate one week.

【Test】 : The speed of testing work.

【speed】 : test the speed of work.

The function is to facilitate the user to replace parts, and different size of the workpiece when the workpiece is not very different before use. When the relatively large difference in size of the workpiece, it is recommended to use directly modify the motor step approach to implementation.

Rotary engraving is only when using the rotation axis to replace the Y-axis use.

4.9.2 Feed Setting

To use the feed, must first enable the feed.

After setting feeding parameters, the shaft will feed a feeding length, and repeat the process until the times of processing reach the number of feeding.

If the machine is not equipped with feeding devices, in general, enable the feed ban.

4.9.3 Optimization of Backlash Compensation

When the machine there is space (such as dislocation of these seal cutting graphics), can be checked.

4.9.4 Optical 2 migration

In need laser collaborative work, complete the same graphics processing occasions, usually, to use the optical 1 to define the graphics location, then if the optical 2 can accurately with the optical 1, will need to specify the optical 2 relative to the optical 1 offset.

This generally uses in two power different laser tubes of machine, because two of laser tube power different, cause different functions.

If some machine equipped with two different power of laser tube, are responsible for cutting, a responsible for sculpture.

4.10 Layer Settings

Work	Output	Doc	User	Test	Transform
Layer	Mode	Speed	Power	Output	
	Cut	100.0	30.0	Yes	
	Cut	100.0	30.0	Yes	
	Cut	100.0	30.0	Yes	

Up Down

Line/column setup

Num	space	Dislocation	Mirror
X: 1	0.000	0.000	<input type="checkbox"/> H <input type="checkbox"/> V
Y: 1	0.000	0.000	<input type="checkbox"/> H <input type="checkbox"/> V

4.10.1 Ranksse

For convenient to setinmachining graphicsprocessing on thearray.

X numbersand Ynumbers,whichwas thearrayofcolumnsandrows.

Xintervals and Yinterval,respectivelyis array of thecolumn spacingandlinespacing.

Interval and the adjustment of thedislocationis thearrangementofarray.

AdjusttheX,Yintervalbetweenenablegraphiclayoutmoreclosely,,canbeadjusteddirectlybelowtheinterval anddislocation,make graphicsinthesellectedstate, and thenthrough thekeyboarof theupanddownorsokeytoadjust, androllingthemousecanbedisplayedscaling,makethespacingofthe adjustmentprocessmoreprecise.

【 Bestrewing breadth】

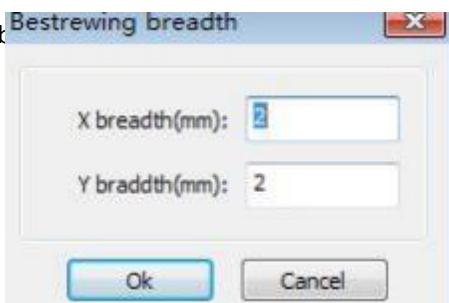
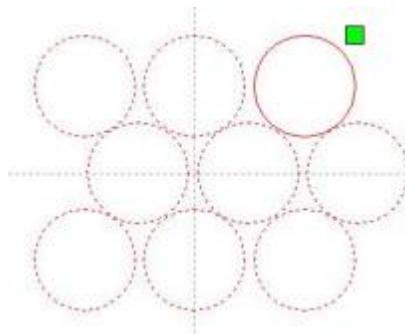
:AccordingtothesizeofthewideandthecurrentuserSettingsranksspacing, todeterminehowmuchcanoutputthemost listed(i.e.Xnumber)howmanylines(i.e.,Ynumber).Click onthe  Bestrewing breadth upinterfaceasshownin

figure:

Accordingtodeterminethebutton,thesoftwarecanautomaticallycalculateentirewidthof theranks of thearrangementnumber.



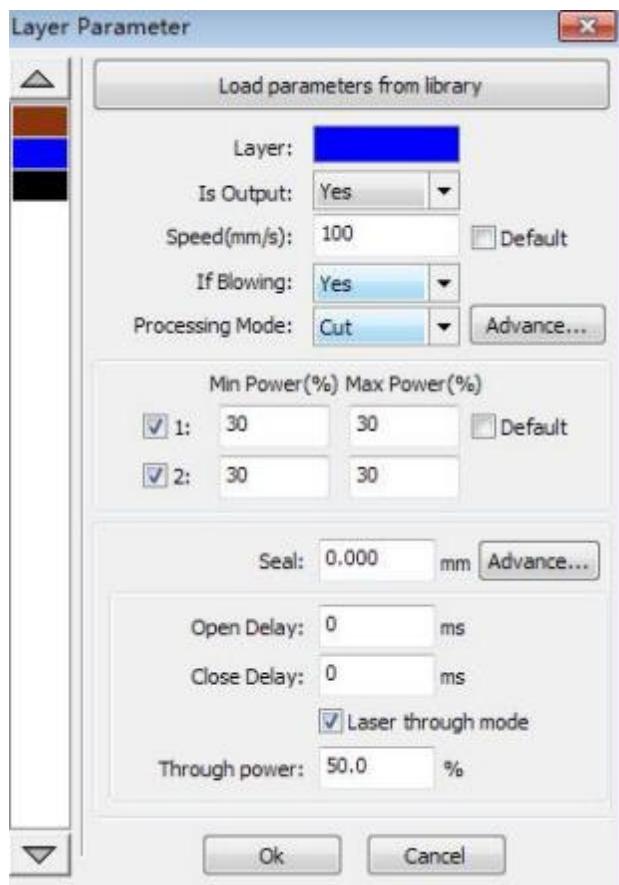
【 dislocation】 :forsomegraphics,inarrangement, thedislocationarrangement, canmakethe arrangementmore compact.

【 mirror】 :objectsinahorizontalorverticaldirectiontoreverseit

【 adjust】 :Whenarrangedsomeofthesmallermobilecanclickontheadjustmenttocarryontherow spacing anddislocationdistance

【virtualarray】 : Aftergoodarray,selectedtocopythegraphics,pointtocopy,cancopythepatten

array.



【The application to copy】 in good array, chose to copy graphics, some application to copy, already can duplicate array graphics.

In the layer list to edit the double click inside layer, namely will pop up layer parameter dialog box.

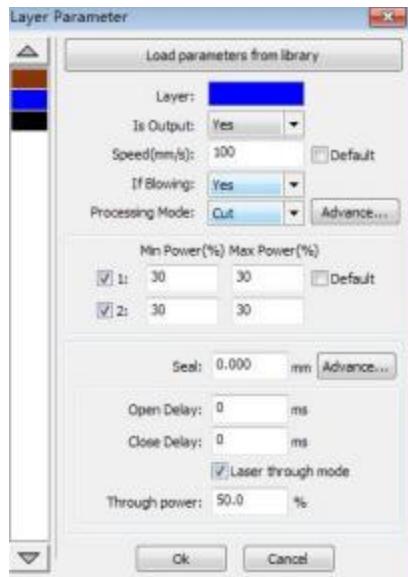
The left article color, representatives of the current graphics layer, choose different color, can be in already switch between different layer, one-time modified multiple layers of parameters.

The layer parameters is divided into two parts:

public layer parameters and turn al layer parameters. Public layer parameters is to point to no matter how the layer processing type, all effective layer parameters;

Proprietary layer parameters is to point to the layer of processing type change of the corresponding parameters will also be changing.

4.10.2 LaserScanParametersSetting



Laser:Software to distinguish

between different layers of the graphics processing technology parameters. For scanning processing methods, more are in the same layer bitmaps, and whole as a picture output, if hope each bitmap single output, it can be a graph respectively placed in different layer can.

IsOutput: Have two options: yes and no. Choice is, the corresponding layer will output processing; Choose no, won't output processing.

Speed: The corresponding processing method of processing speed.

For cutting processing is concerned, the slower, processing the better, the more smooth track; The faster the processing results, the worse the trajectory smooth;

To scan for processing, the slower, under the same energy scanning depth, deep and scanning trace the thick, scanning the resolution also reduced.

The faster the same energy the shallow depth of the scanning, details distortion increase.

To fix for processing, the main change is empty the speed of the move.

If, check the "default", the actual speed by panel setup to speed.

If Blowing: If the machine external fan, and fan has enabled, then if choose "is", then this layer data processing, will open the fan, otherwise, will not open the fan. If you do not make a fan, no matter choose "yes" or "no", are meaningless.

Processing methods: says the method of processing corresponding layer;

If the currently selected is vector layer (i.e. color layer), it includes three choices: laser scanning, laser cutting, laser re;

If the currently selected is a tutulayer(namely BMP layer), the only include a choice: laser scanning.

Laser1,laser2:correspondingtothemainboardlasersignals1and2ofthewaywaylaseroutput.If itis onlyheadmachine, the secondroadlasermeaningless.

The minimum power, the maximum power: the power of the values of the range of 0 to 100, said that in the process of the strength of the laser processing; Big value, the laser is strong, is small, the laser weak. Minimum power loss to the most power is less than or equal to.

For different processing type has a different meaning.

For cutting processing, the actual power is cutting speed and phase follow, speed, low energy is also low, high speed is also high, so that we can guarantee the whole process of cutting energy evenly. So the minimum power is the speed of the corresponding minimum energy, the minimum speed general is 0, but if set the speed is the minimum speed for takeoff take-off speed; The maximum power corresponds to the layer speed.

Set minimum power, and the most high power flow:

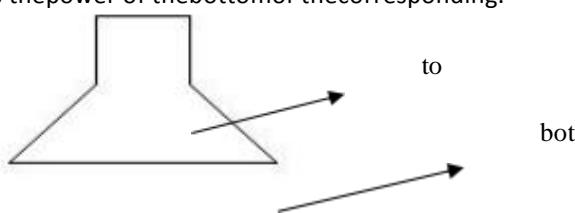
1>The minimum power and the maximum power set to the same value, synchronous adjustment. Until all the cutting curve are already appear.

2>The maximum power unchanged, and gradually reduce the minimum power until the energy of the heavy cutting curve at the lowest level, and all of the cohesion parts can be processed to come out.

3>If not yet to best effect, can be the most appropriate fine-tuning high power, and repeat step 2.

If cut through, the minimum power loss and the maximum power no significant difference, can be set to give the same.

To scan processing, ordinary scanning, the minimum power and the maximum power must be consistent. Slope sculpture, minimum power loss is the power of the corresponding factors, the most power is the power of the bottom of the corresponding.



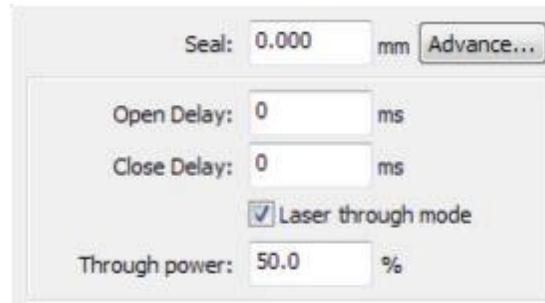
Minimum power loss is the top for the small slant wide, detail placed distinguish clearly.

Minimum power loss is too large slope not obvious.

To fix processing, the minimum power and the maximum power can be set to agree.

If checked "default", the actual power panel set by the power to determine.

Click the button "advanced", but also can be set to other layer parameters.



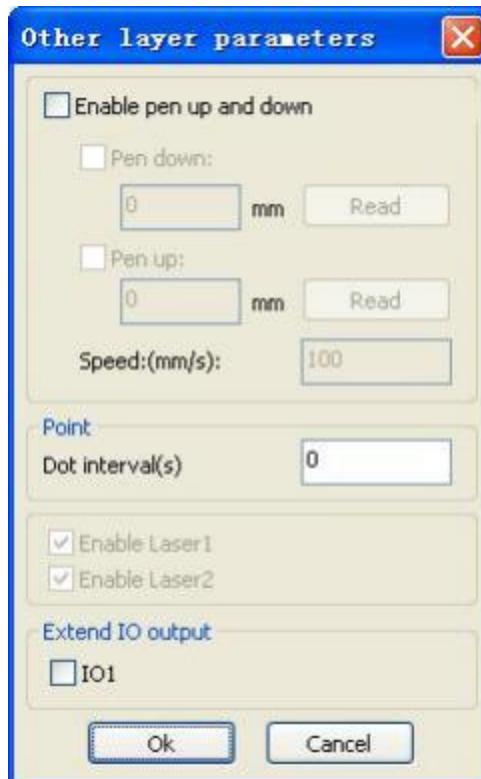
Seal: Closed cutting graphics seal is not closed condition, can be closed with the sealing compensation, but if the sealing is misplaced, there is no compensation, clearance compensation optimization can be used to compensate, or use the backlash compensation in the user preferences

OpenDelay: Medallion for a time /medallion latency

CloseDelay: light off through wear /light off delay time

Laserthroughmode: If checked, the light switch delay said is time, otherwise, the time delay switch is light delay said laser movement

Throughpower: Refers to crush objects in unit time of the work done fast.



【Penupanddown】 If machines have installed the lift platform, and need to be in a different platform height on the processing, can make can writeup function.

Here the corresponding is platform write position in which high on the processing, carried the corresponding is empty pen position before go, platform should be moved to which level in the optical translation will not again interfere with the process workpiece. If confirmed the optical not and the

translation of the process workpiece to interfere, don't need to setup the pen position.

Use way is:

1> Can write pen to carry.

2> Make can write position, manual control panel key mobile platform, to stay processing graphics graphics processing plane, adjust the focal length. Then click button "read", and then write all setup position.

3> That can carry a position, manual control panel key mobile platform, move to the optical will not interfere with the work of the height, and through the panel key move the optical, confirmed that won't interfere, some button "read", and then set up a position.

【 point】

Here the bi, and is suitable for drawing tool creates some primitive, or from DXF file into the some primitive. And the current layer processing method has nothing to do, namely whether the current layer is cutting or a scan, graphics in the some primitive has always been to the bi way output.

The bi movement speed for layer speed, beating the energy for the maximum energy layer laser.

【 The laser Enable】

When the machine is equipped with two road laser, usually, are two road and output.

But the user may through the set that laser, that its not output all the way.

【 The joint IO output】

All the way and the layer associated IO output, obligate function.

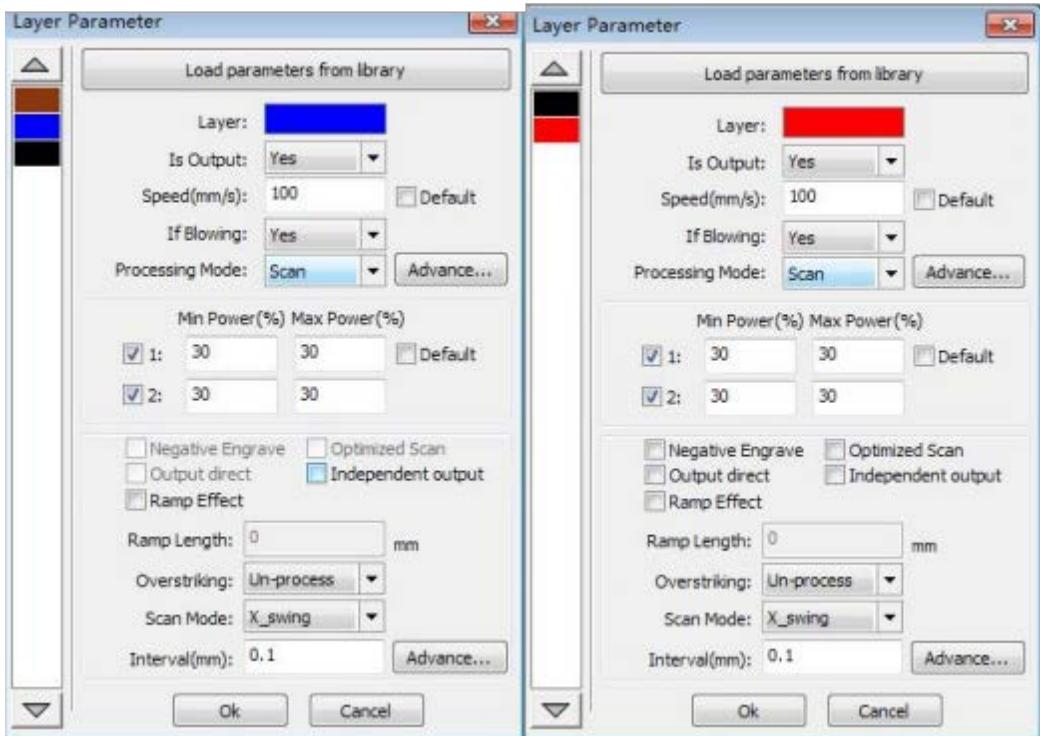


【 Enablesewcompensation 】 : Use seam width compensation can compensation caused by laser cutting seam size of the graphics and graphic deviation of actual cutting out, Seam width compensation applies only to closed graph

【 SewDirection 】 : According to the actual need to setup, such as cut around, if you want to keep the circle is cutoff, you should set the direction of compensation to outward, If want to keep the hole, should set the direction of compensation to inward.

【 Sewwidth 】 : Laser cutting seam width

4.10.3 LaserscanningparametersSettings



On the left of the dialog box for vector scanning parameters Settings, on the right side of the dialog box for bitmap scanning parameters Settings.

The vector data do not support the scanning the color carving, optimization scanning, direct output.

The color carving: normally scanning, bitmap in the black spots a laser, the laser in white.

Choose the color carving, the bitmap in the white of the laser, black spots in laser.

Optimal scanning: choose optimization will automatically adjust the user's scan the scanning interval to setup the best value, the scan best effect.

Otherwise, according to user settings of the scanning intervals can pattern. Generally choose "optimal scanning"

Direct output: grayscale bitmap, according to the actual graphics gray. In output, already color deep place laser energy big, color shallow place laser

Energy is small.

Figure yuan respectively output: for vector graphics for, figure yuan respectively according to vector diagram output is the position of the yuan relationship, which in turn will get together the vector map carving output of yuan respectively.

If not checked figure yuan respectively output, it will be the whole vector graphics as a whole to sculpture.

For a bitmap for, if not checked figure yuan respectively output, the system will automatically will

work with a layer of the bitmap as a whole output.

If checked the figure yuan respectively output, the system will be a single output bitmap.

Slope effect: the scan the edges of the figure appears slope, submit stereo effect.

Be bold font: including don't handle, scanning the font, scanning the bottom. Generally choose not processing.

Scanning is part of the font scanning is the font, also is the Y incarving.

Note that the slope effect choice, please will be bold font choose not to deal with, or slope affected the effects.

Font Yin carved: not to add text outside the box, scanning are text itself, as below:



Font Yang carved: text and the outer frame, scanning is the bottom of the graphics, as below:



Scanning mode: including level one, level two-way, vertical one-way, vertical two-way.

Level one way: the optical scan pattern back and forth in a horizontal direction, but only to a direction when laser scanning comes out, such as: when the optical scan from right to left a laser, and from left to right the laser scan.

Level two-way: the optical horizontal direction in the back and forth laser scanning graphics.

The vertical one way: the optical scan pattern in vertical direction back and forth, but only to a direction will be laser scanning, such as: when the optical scan from up to down a laser, and from the bottom to scan a laser.

The vertical two-way: in vertical direction the optical back and forth laser scanning graphics.

Note: generally use level two-way scanning mode.

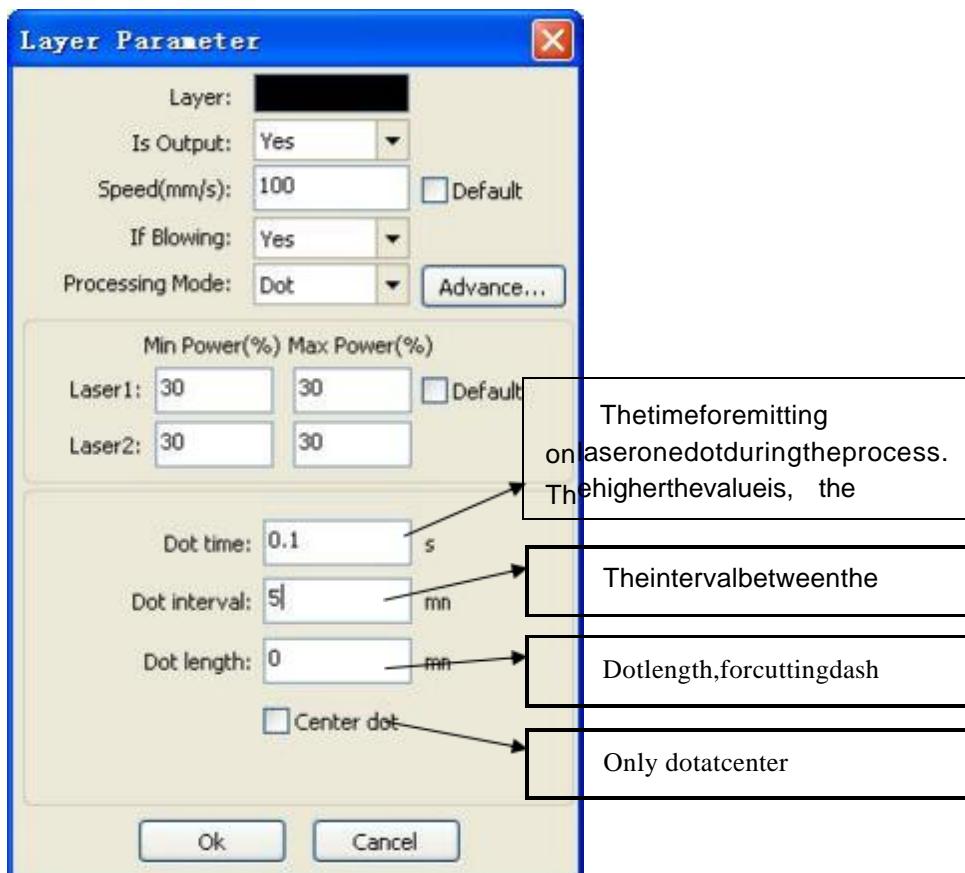
Scanning interval: namely the optical scan every much long distance under a line. The smaller the interval, scanning the deeper to graphics; Conversely, the more shallow.

Suggestions: (1) for vector layer (i.e. color layer), scanning interval in 0.1mm general set below.

(2) for a tutu layer (namely BMP layer), scanning interval in 0.1mm general set above,

Then through the change and the most high power to make the minimum power after scanning the graphics depth to achieve the ideal effect.

4.10.4 LaserDotParametersSetting



4.11 Vendor settings

4.11.1 Themotorparameters

XYZUaxisparameters

Dirpolarity: Changethedirectionof

polaritycanmakethemotortothereversedirection.Modifythegoalisto maketheshhafttotheoriginwhen reset,if resetwhentheaxialdirectionawayfromthe origin,explain thepolar axis directionset wrong,shouldbemodified.

Limiterpolarity: Usedtosetthelimitofhighandlowlevelsingnalmodel,Ifmovingaxisreachesthe limitposition ,enteralowlevel signal to themainboard ,thelimit shouldbesettonegativepolarity.

Breadth: Thelongestdistancebetweentheaxescanwalk,according tothe actualsituationof the machine.

Homeoffset: Iftheshhaftcanmakethehardlimitprotection,oftenshouldsetthevalueof2~5mm,if

set to 0, then the axes coordinate zero run to minimum, effective, has the potential to limit such trigger

errorlimitprotectionfunction,emergencystopthemachine,ifcannotmankethardlimit protection,cansetvalueis 0~5mm.

Contrlmode: Doublepulseandpulse+directionmodeoptional,dependingontheofmotordrive machine actual configuration decision,generalmodel forpulse+direction.

Steplength: Namelymotorpulseequivalent,sendapulsetothemotor, thecorrespondingmotionaxis through theabsolutedistance value.Before thisvalueissetupcorrectly,canletthemachinecuttingalargerectangular(graphicsisbigger,canmaketheerrorssmaller),automaticcalculationbygraphiclength andmeasuring thelength of the steppmotor.

Enablelimit trigger: Whetherusedforenabling theaxisofthehardlimitprotectionfunction.

PWMrisingedge valid: Used toset themotordrivesthepulsesthe signalisrisingfallingedgealongtheefficientoreffective,whennotenabledthefallingedge controllerusingeffective;Whenthisisenabled, use therisingalong the effective controller.

EnableHome: Ifmachineconfigurationwiththeshift,theshift"resetenabled"optionsshould beopen,ifnotconfigured theshift, thentheshift"resetenabled"optionsshouldbebanned.Themeaningofthisparameteristocontrolthe"reset"bootoptionsintheuserpreferencesandfunctionkeysinthe "reset" theaxis function,preventusersmistakenly toreset theshiftmoving that doesn'texist.

Jump-offspeed: Movement speed ofshaftdirectlystartfromstationary state,ifthevalueistoobig,canleadtomotorlosestep,jitter,andevenproducethenoiseandsetistoosmall,canreducetherunningspeedofthegraphics.Theheavierifthelargeinertiaofmovingaxis(axis),caninstallasmallertakeoffspeed,ifthemovementaxisofinertiaasmallerlighter(shaft),canbeappropriatelyincreasetherotatespeed.Typicalvaluessuchas5 ~30mm/s.

Maxspeed:

The shaft can withstand maximum speed. The parameters and inertia motor drive power, motor shaft, and gear ratio. Typical values such as 200~500mm/s.

MaxAcc: Motor shaft in the maximum acceleration and deceleration motion, acceleration set is toolarge,also can lead to motor lose step, jitter, and even produce the noise and set is too small, can lead to speed up slow and reduce the running speed of the graphics. Corresponding to the large inertia axis, such as beam of the Y-axis, atypical setting for the range of 800~3000mm/s², corresponding to the axis of inertia small, such as the car of the X-axis, atypical setting range is 8000~20000mm/s².

EStopacc: Can

make the hard limit protection, if the shaft, when the axial movement to the limit position, to the shaft to stop operation for emergency stop acceleration deceleration. This value may take

the maximum acceleration of 2~3 times.

Keying

Jump-off speed: Keys on the keyboard to move the axis movement start speed, not above the shaft rotate speed.

Acc: Buttons move the axis motion acceleration value, cannot be higher than the maximum acceleration.

Invertdirection: Used to control the movement of the manual button when the mobile movement axis direction. When set the right direction of polarity parameters, if press the direction key on the operation panel, the axial direction, which buttons can reverse.

4.11.2 Laserparameters

Laserconfig: Single tube/pipe is optional, according to the number of laser tube manufacturers actual configuration Settings.

Lasermode: Glass tube, radiofrequency laser (don't need precombustion pulse) and radio frequency laser (need precombustion pulse) optional.

Laserattenuation、Minpower、Maxpower、Laserfreq、Preginitionfreq:

Preginitionpulse: For radiofrequency (%) laser and precombustion pulse, frequency and precombustion by precombustion pulse width configuration precombustion characteristics of the pulse.

Signallevel:

Water protect:

When can make water protection, the controller must be connected to water protection circuit, the machine won't run to the light, if we do not make water to protect, don't pickup the water protection circuit, the controller will not detect.

Laser frequency used by the control signal is used to set the laser pulse frequency, the glass tube, generally set to about 20 KHZ, Radiofrequency tube usually about 5 KHZ; Maximum / minimum power (%) is used to set the limit of the laser power value, namely at runtime, users to set maximum power cannot be higher than the set value of maximum power, user settings cannot under minimum power value for the setting of the minimum power value; Use after a period of time, if the laser power attenuation, is by setting the attenuation coefficient to fine-tuning of laser power, laser without attenuation, attenuation coefficient of 0.

Prompt: If single laser tube is configured, it only shows laser parameters.

4.11.3 Other vendor parameters

Machinetype: For the most part should choose general engraving machine, other models for a particular model

Transmissionmode: Under normal circumstances should choose "steptypebelt", choose other type, control algorithm will have small change

Feedmode: A one-way/two-way optional. When for one-way feeding, do not check the coordinate,

but has been unilaterally upward; When selecting a two-way feeding, the system will check the maximum minimum coordinates, an odd number of times to one direction, even time to another direction, first initial direction by setting the direction of polarity to change or modify feeding the length of the positive and negative value

Breakdelay: Can be set to 0~ 3000 ms. After power grid, the system power supply does not immediately reduce to 0v, during a time delay, the power set delay values should be the actual delay values are basically identical. If the value is set, the deflection is in power to continue carving work, a second processing of graphics and graphics or not closed before power, or too much overlap

Enableprotect: If can make this, the controller must be open protection circuit is connected, otherwise the machine will not work

Enableblower: If want to use the outlet Wind signal layer and control the fan switch, you must make to the parameters, otherwise, the Wind signal output to other signals

Prompt: Manufacturers in the parameter configuration parameters, such as the direction of polarity, control mode, the types of laser and laser frequency modified four parameters, it is necessary to reset the system, reset after the completion of the changes to take effect.

Thank you for your selection of our production!

All the copyright of this manual is owned by Ruida technology. Any person or company can not copy upload and send the manual without Ruida's permission.

Content will be revised or modified. We will not send message to every users.

If there are any question or suggestion about our products and manuals, please tell us.

Tel: (086)0755-26066687

Fax: (086)0755-26982287

Address: 1B-1 building 5, Tian'an Nanyou Industrial Area, Dengliang Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Website: www.rd-ac.com